

BACHELOR OF AYURVEDIC MEDICINE & SURGERY (2017 COURSE)

III-B.A.M.S. : WINTER- 2022

SUBJECT : PRASUTI EVAM STRIROGAPAPER-II

Day : Saturday

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Date : 11/2/2023

W-16855-2-2022

Max. Marks : 08

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) You have to make such kind of mark in the box of most appropriate answer.
- 3) This question paper itself is an answer script to you to return to the Supervisor after 10 minutes.
- 4) There is no negative marking system.

Seat No. : _____

Total Marks Obtained : _____

Jr. Supervisor's Signature : _____

Examiner's Signature : _____

1. Uterine artery is a branch of _____.
 - a) Internal Iliac artery
 - b) External Iliac artery
 - c) Aorta
 - d) Iliac artery
2. Lithotomy position is required in _____.
 - a) LSCS
 - b) Abd hysterectomy
 - c) Abd Tubectomy
 - d) CuT insetion, D & C
3. Shukra artavsanyog occurs in _____ kal.
 - a) Rutu
 - b) Rutu vyatit
 - c) raj
 - d) Rajanivrutti
4. Injury to the tip of cervix during D & C is due to _____.
 - a) Vulsellum
 - b) Uterine sound
 - c) Sim's speculum
 - d) Dilators

P.T.O.

5. Rutukal is the ____ dominant phase.

- a) Kaphadosha
- b) Vatadosha
- c) Raktadosha
- d) Pittadosha

6. In which kal is uttarbasti advised?

- a) Rutukal
- b) Rajakal
- c) Rutuvyatiki kal
- d) Rutumadhya kal

7. Mackenrodt's Ligament is also known as _____.

- a) Cardinal Ligament
- b) Pubocervical Ligament
- c) Vesico Cervical Ligament
- d) Uterosacral Ligament

8. Anterior colporrhaphy is done to correct.

- a) Cystocele
- b) Urethrocele
- c) Cystocele and Urethrocele
- d) Rectocele

* * *

BACHELOR OF AYURVEDIC MEDICINE & SURGERY (2017 COURSE)

III-B.A.M.S. : WINTER- 2022

SUBJECT : PRASUTI EVAM STRIROGAPAPER-II

Day : Saturday

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Date : 11/2/2023

W-16855-2-2022

Max. Marks : 72

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Answer to both the sections should be written in **SAME** answerbook.

SECTION – I

- Q.1** Explain the causes of Infertility and write male infertility in detail. (12)
- Q.2** Explain kaphaj and upapluta yonivyapad according to Ayurved and Modern Science in detail. (12)
- Q.3** Explain different types of uterine fibroids and treatment. (08)
- Q.4** Write short note (ANY ONE) (04)
- a) Rakta pradar chikitsa
 - b) Mahayoni

SECTION – II

- Q.5** Describe vaginal hysterectomy, its indications, preoperative, postoperative procedure and mention the complications. (12)
- Q.6** Explain permanent contraception in female. (12)
- Q.7** Explain in detail. yonidhavan and yonipichu. (08)
- Q.8** Write short note (ANY ONE) (04)
- a) Stanvidradhi chikitsa
 - b) PNDT Act

हिंदी रूपांतर

सूचनाएं:

- १) सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- २) दाहिनी तरफ प्रश्नों के सामने लिखे हुए अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शाते हैं।
- ३) दोनों विभाग अलग-अलग उत्तरपत्रिका में लिखिए।

विभाग - १

- प्र.१ आधुनिक शास्त्र के अनुसार 'स्त्रीवन्ध्यत्व' के हेतु लिखकर पुरुष वन्ध्यत्व विस्तार से (१२) लिखिए।
- प्र.२ कफज व उपप्लुता योनिव्यापद का आयुर्वेद एवं आधुनिक शास्त्र के अनुसार वर्णन (१२) कीजिए।
- प्र.३ गर्भाशय ग्रंथी के प्रकार व चिकित्सा लिखिए। (०८)
- प्र.४ टिप्पणी लिखिए। (कोई भी एक) (०४)
- अ) रक्तप्रदर चिकित्सा लिखिए।
- ब) महायोनि

विभाग - २

- प्र.५ 'गर्भाशय निर्हरण' (वहजायनल) शस्त्रकर्म के 'हेतू' (इंडिकेशन), 'पूर्वकर्म', (१२) 'पश्चात्कर्म' और उपद्रव लिखिए।
- प्र.६ स्त्री में परमनंट कॉन्ट्रासेप्शन सविस्तर लिखिए। (१२)
- प्र.७ योनिधावन व पिचू सविस्तर लिखिए। (०८)
- प्र.८ टिप्पणी लिखिए। (कोई भी एक) (०४)
- अ) स्तनविद्रधी चिकित्सा
- ब) पी.एन.डी.टी. अंकट