BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (RADIOLOGY & IMAGING TECHNOLOGY)(CBCS-2019 COURSE) B.Sc. (R&IM) Sem-V : WINTER- 2022 SUBJECT : BASIC MRI-I

Day: Thursday

Time: 10:00 AM-12:00 PM

Date: 02-02-2023

W-22536-2022

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Max. Marks: 4-0

1) There are Three sections as follows:

Section- A - Objective Type Questions

20 Marks

Section- B - Long Answer Questions

20 Marks

Section- C- Short Answer Question

20 Marks

- 2) Section B has four long questions and ANY TWO have to be answered.
- 3) Section C has six short questions and ANY FOUR have to be answered.
- 4) Answer to both sections B and C should be written in same answer book.

SECTION - B

Answer ANY TWO out of FOUR questions ($10 \times 2 = 20$)

- 1. Write in detail about inversion recovery sequences. Mention difference between STIR and FLAIR sequences.
- 2. Write in detail about MRI artefacts.
- 3. Write in short about Radio-frequency coils.
- 4. How do you acquire MRI Cervical spine study? Mention indications, contraindication and sequences taken and basics of sequence planning.

SECTION - C

Answer ANY FOUR out of SIX questions ($5 \times 4 = 20$)

- 1. What are paramagnetic, diamagnetic and ferromagnetic substances?
- 2. Write about superconducting magnets.
- 3. What is quenching?
- 4. Write in short about different zones in MRI in terms of MR-safety.
- 5. Enumerate different sequences taken in MRI Brain-epilepsy protocol.
- 6. Write in short about image quality determinants.

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Max. Marks 20

1) There are Three sections as

Section- A - Objective Type Questions

Section- B - Long Answer Questions

20 Marks

20 Marks

Section- C- Short Answer Question

20 Marks

- 2) Section B has four long questions and ANY TWO have to be answered.
- 3) Section C has six short questions and ANY FOUR have to be answered.
- 4) Answer Section A in the sheet provided and submit the sheet after answering.

SECTION - A

Multiple Choice questions have been provided. Tick the single best answer. (10 x 2 = 20)

MCQs:

- 1. First MR Machine was invented by:
 - A. Roentgen and Curie
 - B. Mansfield and Lauterbeur
 - C. Hounsfield and Edison
 - D. None
- 2. Which of these is not a gradient used in MRI:
 - A. Slice-selection
 - B. Phase-selection
 - C. Phase-encoding
 - D. Frequency-encoding
- 3. MRCP stands for:
 - A. Magnetic Repeated Cholangio-pancreaticography
 - B. Magnetic Resonance Cholangio-pancreaticography
 - C. Magnetic Resistance Cholangio-pancreaticography
 - D. Magnetic Real-time Cholangio-pancreaticography

PTO

| Α. | Low spatial frequency information |
|--|--|
| В. | High spatial frequency information |
| C. | Both of the above |
| D. | None |
| 5. Smallest unit of digital image is: | |
| A. | Pixel |
| В. | Voxel |
| C. | Slice |
| D. | None |
| 6. Centre of K-space contains: | |
| A. | Low spatial frequency information |
| В. | High spatial frequency information |
| | Both of the above |
| D. | None |
| 7. The time interval between start of one RF pulse and start of another RF pulse is: | |
| | TR |
| | TE |
| | TI |
| | FID |
| | ne between start of RF pulse and reception of the signal is: |
| | TR |
| | TE |
| | TI |
| | FID |
| | rm of FID is: |
| | Free Induction Delay |
| | Free Incidence Decay |
| | · |
| | Free Induction Decay Free Incidence Delay |
| | · |
| | coil in MR is which type of coil? |
| | Surface |
| | Volume |
| | Phased-array |
| υ. | None |
| | |
| Total Marks (| Obtained: Signature of Invigilator: |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Signature of Examiner: |
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| | |

4. Edge of K-space contains: