

.....  
**BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS-2021 COURSE)**  
**LL.B. Sem - II : WINTER- 2022**  
**SUBJECT : SPECIAL CONTRACTS**

Day : Saturday

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date : 26-11-2022

**W-24999-2022**

Max. Marks : 60

.....

**N.B.**

- 1) All Questions are **COMPULSORY**.
  - 2) All Questions carry equal marks.
- 

**Q. 1** a) 'C' advances to 'D' Rs.5, 000 on the guarantee of 'A'. The loan carries interest at ten percent per annum. 'D' becomes financially embarrassed subsequently. On D's request 'C' reduces the interest to six percent per annum and does not sue 'D' for one year after the loan becomes due, 'D' becomes insolvent. Can 'C' sue 'A'?

**OR**

b) 'A' sell goods to 'B'. 'B' pays to 'A' through a cheque. Before 'B' could obtain the delivery of goods, his cheque has been dishonoured by the bank. 'A', therefore, refuses to give delivery of the goods until paid. Is A's action justified?

**Q. 2** a) Define Pledge. When will a pledge made by a non-owners of goods be valid?

**OR**

b) What is a Contract of Sale of Goods? Discuss the essential characteristics of a valid sale of goods.

**Q. 3** a) "The Indian partnership Act has effectively ensures the registration of firms without making it compulsory." Comment.

**OR**

b) "Finder of Goods is subject to the same responsibility as that of a bailee." Evaluate.

**Q. 4** a) Write short notes  
i) Bailee's Lien  
ii) Promissory note

**OR**

b) Write short notes  
i) Commencement of Indemnifier's Liability  
ii) Continuing Guarantee

**Q. 5** a) Define Agent and Principal. Explain the various modes by which an agency may be created.

**OR**

b) Discuss the law relating to dishonour of cheque for insufficiency of funds.

\* \* \* \* \*