B.B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

B.B.A. LL. B. Sem - V : WINTER- 2022

SUBJECT: FAMILY LAW-II (MATRIMONIAL PROPERTY, GUARDIANSHIP &

ADOPTION)

Time: 02:00 PM-04:30 PM Day: Thursday Max. Marks: 60 Date: 17-11-2022 W-12544-2022

N.B.:

All Questions are **COMPULSORY**. 1)

All Questions carry EQUAL marks. 2)

"Hindu Succession Amendment Act, 2005 has brought a daughter at an equal Q.1 A) position to that of son." Comment.

OR

- "It is said that non-payment of debt is a sin and also a crime." Expound the concept Q.1 B) of pious obligation with reference to leading case laws.
- "The law of inheritance is a customary law, which deals with passing of property Q.2 A) from dead person to living person." Elucidate the rule of inheritance under Muslim law.

OR

- "The law of Guardianship is based on the incapacity which the law attributes to Q.2 B) minors and to persons who are deficient in mental capacity." Explain various kinds of Guardian, their powers and functions under Hindu law.
- "Will is conferment of a right of property in a specific thing or in a profit or Q.3 A)advantage or in gratuity to take effect on the death of the testator." Explicate the provisions of Indian Succession Act regarding execution of unprivileged will.

OR

- "Once constituted/created the validity of a waqf cannot be revoked." Enunciate the Q.3 B)essentials and kinds of Waqf under Islamic law.
- Q.4 A)Write note on:
 - a) Right of female to adopt
 - b) Reopening of Partition

OR

- Q.4 B)Write note on:
 - Sadqah and Ariyat a)
 - Agnates and Cognates b)
- Q.5 Solve: A)
 - 'P', an unmarried woman adopts a daughter 'D'. Subsequently she marries to 'Q' i) and has a son 'R' by him. 'Q' dies leaving his property. Who succeeds to the property of Q. 'P' also dies. On whom P's property will devolve on her death.
 - Lakshmikant Pandey v. Union of India ii)

Q.5 B) Solve: OR

A Muslim would like to give away 50% of his property by will to his near relatives. i) Can he bequeath such an extent of property? Explain.

Ahmed Khan v. Shah Bano Begum ii)