## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (COMPUTER SCIENCE) (CBCS - 2018 COURSE) S.Y.B.Sc.(Computer Science) Sem-IV: WINTER- 2022 SUBJECT: OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

Day: Tuesday

Time: 02:00 PM-05:00 PM

Date: 13-12-2022

W-20106-2022

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.

1) All questions are COMPULSORY.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks.
- 3) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

**Q.1** Attempt any **TWO** of the following:

(12)

a) Use the graphical method to solve the following LP problem:

Maximize

$$Z = 2x_1 + x_2$$

Subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \le 6$$

$$x_1 - x_2 \le 2$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 \le 1$$

and 
$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

**b)** Using Big-M method solve the following LP problem

Maximize

$$Z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$$

Subject to constraints

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 \le 12$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 = 10$$

$$5x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 10$$

and 
$$x_1, x_2 \ge 0$$

c) A firm uses lathes, milling and grinding machines to produce two machine parts. The following table represents machining times required for each part, the machining time available on different machines and profit on each machine part.

	Time required (In minutes)		Time available (In Minutes)
	Part I	Part II	
Type of Machine			
Lathes	12	6	3000
Milling Machines	4	10	2000
Grinding	2	3	900
Profit Per Units	₹40	₹100	

Formulate this problem as LP model to maximize profit.

P.T.O.

**b)** Solve the following assignment problem:

			Men				
		A	В	C	D		
Jobs	1	10	25	15	20		
	2	15	30	5	15		
	3	35	20	12	24		
	4	17	25	24	20		

- **c)** Explain North-West Corner Method (NWCM) to obtain an initial basic feasible solution of T.P.
- d) Solve the following LPP by simplex method.

$$Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3$$

Subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 430$$
$$3x_1 + 2x_3 \le 460$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 \le 120$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

## Q.5 Attempt any FOUR of the following:

(12)

- a) Define:
  - i) Basic solution
  - ii) Optimal solution
- **b)** Define unbalance transportation problem. Explain how unbalanced T.P. Convert into balanced T.P.
- **c)** Define saddle point and find saddle point of game whose pay of matrix is given by

$$B_1$$
  $B$ 

$$\begin{vmatrix} A_1 & 3 & 2 \\ A_2 & -2 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A_3 \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **d)** How to convert maximization assignment problem into minimization assignment problem.
- e) What is disadvantages of the graphical method in LPP?
- f) Convert the following LPP into standard form

$$Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 4x_3$$

Subject to

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \le 8$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_3 \le 10$$

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \le 15$$

and 
$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

\* \*

- a) Explain steps involved in obtaining the optimal solution from initial basic feasible solution of transportation problem by MODI method.
- b) Find the initial basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem by VAM. Also find total transportation cost.

	$D_1$	$D_2$	$D_3$	$D_4$	Capacity
$S_1$	19	30	50	10	7
$S_2$	70	30	40	60	9
S <sub>3</sub>	40	8	70	20	18
Demand	5	8	7	14	

c) A department of company has five employees with five jobs to perform. The time (in hours) that each man takes to perform each job is given in the effectiveness matrix.

	Employees					
		I	II	III	IV	V
	A	10	5	13	15	16
	В	3	9	18	13	6
Jobs	C	10	7	2	2	2
	D	7	11	9	7	12
	E	7	9	10	4	12

How should the jobs be allocated one per employee, so as to minimize the total man-hour?

**Q.3** Attempt any **TWO** of the following:

(12)

- a) Explain Hungerian method to solve assignment problem for minimization.
- b) Solve the following game graphically:

Player A 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

c) Solve the following two persons  $2 \times 2$  mixed strategy game.

## Player E

Player A 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 \\ 12 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q.4 Attempt any THREE of the following:

(12)

**a)** Find the dual of the following LPP Maximize

$$Z = x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 - x_4$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 15$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 \le 20$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 10$$

with 
$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \ge 0$$