BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (COMPUTER SCIENCE) (CBCS - 2018 COURSE) F.Y.B.Sc.(Computer Science) Sem-II : WINTER- 2022 SUBJECT : ALGEBRA-II

Time: 02:00 PM-05:00 PM Day: Monday Max. Marks: 60 Date: 12/12/2022 W-20081-2022 **N.B.:** All questions are COMPULSORY. 1) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. 2) Use of non-programmable **CALCULATOR** is allowed. 3) **Q.1** Attempt any **TWO** of the following: (12)**a)** Let G be a group. If $a, b \in G$, then prove that $(ab)^{-1} = b^{-1}a^{-1}$. **b)** Let $a, b \in \mathbb{Q}$. Define $a * b = \frac{ab}{2}$. Prove that * is associative commutative and 2 is the identity for * and that every non-zero element of $\mathbb Q$ is invertible. c) Find the order of every element in $(\mathbb{Z}_6, +_6)$. Attempt any TWO of the following: **Q.2** (12)Prove that every cyclic group is abelian. **b)** If H is a subgroup of a group G and $a \in G$, then prove that Ha = H if and only Find all subgroups of cyclic group $G = \{a, a^2, \dots, a^{30} = e\}$. Attempt any **TWO** of the following: Q.3 (12)a) State and prove Lagrange's Theorem. **b)** Express the permutation $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 2 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 6 & 1 & 7 & 9 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ as a product of disjoint cycles. Determine σ is even or odd. Find σ^{-1} . c) Prove that a subgroup H of a group G is normal if and only if $x H x^{-1} = H$, for all $x \in G$. Attempt any THREE of the following: Q.4 (12)a) Construct addition table for $(\mathbb{Z}_7, +_7)$. **b)** Find the order of each element of the multiplicative group $\{1, -1, i, -i\}$. c) Prove that intersection of two subgroups is again a subgroup. **d)** Show that $A_3 = \{\rho_0, \rho_1, \rho_2\}$ is normal subgroup in S_3 . Q.5 Attempt any **FOUR** of the following: (12)a) Define the term 'Isomorphism'. **b)** If G is a group, prove that the identity element in G is unique. c) Find all subgroups of $(\mathbb{Z}_6, +_6)$ Prove that every proper subgroup of a group of order 51 is cyclic.

f) Let $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \in S_3$ then find $|\sigma|$.