

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY (C.B.C.S.) (2021-COURSE)

B. Tech. Sem - II IT :SUMMER- 2022

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS FOR COMPUTING-II

Day : Tuesday

Date : 26-07-2022

S-24111-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Assume suitable data **WHEREVER** necessary.

Q.1 Obtain Fourier series for the function $f(x) = \left(\frac{x-\pi}{2}\right)^2$ in the interval $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$. (10)

OR

Q.1 Find cosine series for $\sin x$ in the interval $0 < x < \pi$. (10)

Q.2 Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-x^2/2}$. (10)

OR

Q.2 Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-\alpha x}}{x}$. (10)

Q.3 Find the Laplace transform of $\frac{\cos \sqrt{t}}{\sqrt{t}}$. (10)

OR

Q.3 Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{2s^2 - 6s + 5}{s^3 - 6s^2 + 11s - 6}$. (10)

Q.4 Evaluate $\iint_R \sqrt{xy(1-x-y)} dx dy$ where R is the area bounded by $x=0, y=0$ and $x+y=1$. (10)

OR

Q.4 Solve $\int_0^1 \int_1^{\sqrt{2-y^2}} \frac{y dx dy}{\sqrt{(2-x^2)(1-x^2 y^2)}}$. (10)

Q.5 Solve $\nabla^4 (e^{-r})$. (10)

OR

Q.5 Show that $\vec{F} = (y^2 \cos x + z^2)\vec{i} + 2y \sin x \vec{j} + 2xz \vec{k}$ is irrotational and find scalar field ϕ and such that $\vec{F} = \nabla \phi$. (10)

Q.6 Find the work done by the force $\vec{F} = 3xy\vec{i} - y\vec{j} + 2xz\vec{k}$ in moving a particle around the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$. (10)

OR

Q.6 Use divergence theorem to evaluate $\iiint_S (x^3 \vec{i} + y^3 \vec{j} + z^3 \vec{k}) \cdot d\vec{s}$ where S is the surface of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$. (10)

* * *