

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY (C.B.C.S.) (2014 COURSE)**B.Tech.Sem - I CIVIL : : SUMMER - 2022****SUBJECT : ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-I**

Day : Monday

Date : 30-05-2022

S-11247-2022

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Use of **CALCULATOR** is allowed.

- Q.1 a)** Determine the values of λ for which the following sets of equation possess a **(05)** non trivial solution and obtain these solution for the s1cal of λ .

$$2x - 2y + z = \lambda x$$

$$2x - 3y + 2z = \lambda x$$

$$-x + 2y = \lambda z$$

- b)** Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the following matrix **(05)**

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

OR

- a)** Find whether following vectors are linearly dependent or independent and if **(05)** dependent find the relation between them

$$x_1 = [2, 3, 4, -2]; x_2 = [-1, -2, -2, 1] \text{ and } x_3 = [1, 1, 2, -1].$$

- b)** Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfies its characteristic equation. **(05)**

- Q.2 a)** Find the locus represented by $|z - 3| + |z + 3| = 10$ **(05)**

- b)** If $2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2^r}\right) = x_r + \frac{1}{x^r} \cos$ **(05)**

Show that $x_1, x_2, \dots, \infty = -1$.

OR

- a)** Find in the form $a + ib$ the reppresen $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3i}{4}\right)$. **(05)**

- b)** Prove that $\tan\left[i \log \frac{a - ib}{a + ib}\right] = \frac{2ab}{a^2 - b^2}$. **(05)**

- Q.3 a)** If $x = \sin \theta, y = \sin 2\theta$, prove that **(05)**

$$(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n+1)xy_{n+1} - (n^2 - 4)y_n = 0$$

- b)** Expand $\sqrt{1 + \sin x}$ upto x^4 . **(05)**

OR

- a)** If $I_n = \frac{d^n}{dx^n} [x^n \log x]$ Prove that $I_n = nI_{n-1} + (n-1)!$ and hence **(05)**

$$\text{Show that } I_n = n! \left[\log x + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} \right].$$

P.T.O.

b) Express $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 8x + 7$ in turn of $(x-2)$. (05)

Q.4 a) Examine the convenience of the series (05)

$$\left(\frac{2^2}{1^2} - \frac{2}{1}\right)^{-1} + \left(\frac{3^3}{2^3} - \frac{3}{2}\right)^{-2} + \left(\frac{4^4}{3^4} - \frac{4}{3}\right)^{-3} + \dots$$

b) Find the values of a and b such that $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a \sin^2 x + b \cos x}{x^4} = -\frac{1}{2}$ (05)

OR

Test the converging of the (10)

i) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{3}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3+\sqrt{4}}} + \dots$

ii) $\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \dots$

Q.5 a) If $u = f(r)$ and $x = r \cos \theta, y = r \sin \theta$, prove that (05)

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = f''(r) + \frac{1}{r} f'(r).$$

b) If $u = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y} \right)$, prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$ and (05)

$$x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 2 \cos 3u \sin u.$$

OR

a) If $z = 2xy^2 - 3x^2y$ and if x is increasing at the rate of 2cm per second and it passes through the value $x = 3\text{cm}$, show that if y is passing through the value $y = 1\text{cm}$, y must be decreasing at the rate of $2\frac{2}{15}\text{cm}$ per second in order that z shall remain constant. (05)

b) If $x = \sqrt{vw}, y = \sqrt{uw}, z = \sqrt{uv}$, and ϕ is function of x, y, z . Show that (05)

$$x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} + z \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} = u \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial u} + v \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial v} + w \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial w}.$$

Q.6 a) A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume 32ft^3 . Find the dimensions of the box requiring least material for its manufacturing. (05)

b) Verify $JJ' = 1$, for $x = e^v \sec u, y = e^v \tan u$. (05)

OR

Find the maximum value of $u = x^4 + y^4 - 2x^2 + 4xy - 2y^2$. (10)