BACHELOR OF PHARMACY (B. PHARM.) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) Final Year B. Pharm. Sem-VIII :SUMMER- 2022 SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS-VI (T UE)

Time: 02:00 PM-05:00 PM

Day: Thursday S-13728-2022 Max. Marks: 60 Date: 14-07-2022 N.B.: Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are COMPULSORY. Out of the remaining attempt any 1) TWO questions from each section. Figures to the right indicate FULL marks 2) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book. 3) **SECTION-I** (10)**Q.1** Answer any FIVE questions: Write the number of signals, chemical shift values and multiplicities for a) ethanol. Define chemical equivalence in NMR. Give example. b) Why TMS is used as standard in NMR. c) **d)** Write the applications of flame photometry What is atomizer? Write the types of atomizers. e) Write the principle of AAS. Q.2Explain the principle of NMR. Discuss chemical shift and factors affecting (10) chemical shifts in NMR. Q.3 Discuss the principle and instrumentation of flame photometry. (10)Q.4 Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following: (10)a) Mechanism of Atomization Spin-spin splitting Applications advantages and disadvantages of AAS **SECTION-II** Q.5 Answer any FIVE questions: (10)What is analytical method robustness? a) Define process validation. What you understand from the term LC- MS? c) **d)** Write the Bragg's Law. What are the advantages of Mass spectroscopy technique? e) Write the principle of DSC. Q.6 Classify thermal methods of analysis and describe theory, instrumentation and (10) applications of TGA technique. Classify mass ionization sources, describe principle, instrumentation, working (10) $\mathbf{Q.7}$ and advantages of TOF Mass analyzers. **Q.8** Write short notes on any **TWO** of the following: (10)Theory and applications of XRD a) **b)** DTA Instrumentation Mc Lafferty rearrangement in MS