

**DOCTOR OF PHARMACY**  
**Fourth Year Pharm. D. : SUMMER : 2022**  
**SUBJECT : BIostatistics & RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**

Day : Wednesday  
Date : 11/5/2022

**S-5746-2022**

Time : 02:00 PM-05:00 PM  
Max. Marks : 70

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**N. B. :**

- 1) **Q. No.1 and Q. No. 5 are COMPULSORY.** Out of remaining answer **Any TWO** questions from each section.
  - 2) Answers to both the sections should be written in the **SEPARATE** answer books.
  - 3) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
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**SECTION - I**

- Q.1 a)** Answer **ANY FOUR** out of **SIX** : **(08)**
- i) Write the importance of observational studies.
  - ii) Write the applications of clinical trials.
  - iii) What are interventional studies?
  - iv) Differentiate between descriptive design and diagnostic design.
  - v) Write the main purpose of research.
  - vi) What is power of study?
- b)** Write the importance of computer system in patient record database **(03)** management.
- Q.2** How will you determine sample size? Write the importance of sampling in **(12)** scientific research.
- Q.3 a)** Write the importance of computer in community pharmacy. **(07)**
- b)** Explain different parts in report writing. **(05)**
- Q.4** Write notes on **ANY THREE** of the following : **(12)**
- i) Computerized Literature Retrieval
  - ii) Patient medication profiles
  - iii) Presentation of data
  - iv) Inventory control
  - v) Experimental design

**P.T.O.**

**SECTION - II**

**Q.5 a) Answer ANY FOUR out of SIX : (08)**

- i) Define type 1 error.**
- ii) What do you mean by parameter and statistic?**
- iii) Explain the critical region.**
- iv) Explain standard error of mean.**
- v) Write about important data distributions with key properties.**
- vi) Explain about null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis.**

**b) Write in detail about one statistical software. (03)**

**Q.6 a) Compute Karl Pearson coefficient of correlation for given data. (06)**

X	12	32	25	19	20	22
Y	19	21	17	22	38	13

**b) For given data, find two regression equations and estimate X when Y=20 if correlation coefficient is 0.6. (06)**

	X	Y
Mean	20	25
Standard deviation	5	4

**Q.7 a) Explain the difference between relative risk and attributable risk. How to handle these risks. (07)**

**b) What is the significance of incidence and prevalence in statistical methods in epidemiology? (05)**

**Q.8 Write notes on ANY THREE of the following : (12)**

- i) Measures describing the central tendency**
- ii) Pie charts, scatter plots, semi logarithmic plots**
- iii) Linear regression and correlation**
- iv) Level of significance and power of test**
- v) Chi square test**

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