## II-B. OPTOM. SEM - III: SUMMEY-2022 SUBEJCT: EYE CHECKUP & INSTRUMENTS

Day: 59 turday Time: — Max. Marks: 20 Date: 9-7-2022 9-333-2022 N.B.: Section - A is given on SEPARATE sheet and has to be answered on SAME sheet. This sheet should be completed within in first 30 minutes of starting of the examination. This sheet with **Section –A** only will be collected by supervisor. **SECTION-A** Seat No. (10)Fill in the blanks. Q.1 Ishihara test is used for ... While test a + 1.00D hyperope with plane mirror retinoscope from 1 meter, movement will be seen. Practitioner is getting no movement at distance of 1 meter While doing retinoscopy with planer mirror, if he bent forward, will he get movement. With \_\_\_\_\_ we can estimate corneal astigmatism. 4) is the other name for lensometer. 5) Endothelial cell count can be calculated with the help of . 6) chart used as standard to measure the visual acuity. 7) To measure visual acuity in preschool children chart is used. 8) Indirect ophthalmoscopy gives \_\_\_\_\_ image. 9) \_\_\_\_ is till date considered as gold standard in tonometry. 10) State TRUE or FALSE. Q.2(10)Goldmann and Zeiss gonioscope are the accessories of perimetry. 1) The principle of Schiotz tonometer is applanation. 2) Keratometry is based on 2<sup>nd</sup> Purkinje. 3) 4) Kinetic Perimetry can be performed with lister's perimeter, tangent screen etc. Biomicroscopic examination of the fundus is performed with the help of 5) (-58.6D) lens. OKN is used for visual acuity test in paediatric age group. 6) Keratometer measures central 7mm of corneal curvature. 7) Indirect ophthalmoscopy is performed as close to the patient as possible. 8) 9) Retionoscopy is based on principle of to make eye hypermetropic by placing strong converging lens. Diffuse illumination of slit lamp technique is used for examination of CL fitting. Total Marks Obtained: Signature of Invigilator: Signature of Examiner:

## BACHELOR OF CLINICAL OPTOMETRY II-B. Optometry Sem-III :SUMMER- 2022 SUBJECT : EYE CHECKUP & INSTRUMENTS

Day: Saturday Time: 10:00 AM-01:00 PM Date: 9/7/2022 S-838-2022 Max. Marks: 70 N.B.: There are Three Sections as 1) **Section -A** = Objectives type questions = 20 marks. **Section -B** = Long questions. = 20 marks.**Section - C** = Short questions. = 30 marks.Section -A is given on Separate sheet and has to be answered on SAME sheet. 2) This sheet should be completed within the first 30 minutes of starting of the examination. This sheet with Section- A only will be collected by Supervisor. Section -B has 3 long questions and Any TWO questions have to be answered on 3) **SEPARATE** answer sheet. 4) Section -C has 6 short questions and Any FIVE questions have to be answered on SEPARATE answer sheet. 5) Draw neat labeled diagrams WHEREVER necessary.

## **SECTION-B**

Q.1 Attempt Any TWO of the following:

(20)

- a) Write about various slit lamp illumination techniques along with the structures seen by them.
- b) Explain all accessories of trail box in detail.
- c) What is Keratometer? Explain its optics, procedure and uses.

## **SECTION-C**

Q.2 Attempt Any FIVE of the following:

(30)

- a) Write a note on trial frame with diagram.
- b) Write optics, principle and used of retinoscope.
- c) Write a short note on direct ophthalmoscope.
- d) Write a short note on applanatim tonometer.
- e) Write a note on pterygium.
- f) Write a note on Surgical correction of ptosis.

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