MASTER OF LAWS (LL.M.) (SEMESTER PATTERN) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE) LL.M. Sem - I BL,HRL,IPL :SUMMER- 2022

SUBJECT: INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: THE NEW CHALLENGES

Day: Wednesday Time: 02:00 PM-04:30 PM

Date: 13-07-2022 S-12623-2022 Max. Marks: 60

N.B.

- 1) Answer any FOUR questions.
- 2) All question carry **EQUAL** marks.
- Q.1 Indian Constitution is more unitary than federal and having the appearances of a federal structure. Critically evaluate the above statement with the help of judicial pronouncement.
- Q.2 What is effect of the privatization on the affirmative action of the state which guarantees equality?
- Q.3 Critically evaluate the freedom of press and challenges of new scientific development.
- Yes State tolerance of religion, does not make it either a religious or a theoretical state'. Secularism represents faith born out of the rational faculties and it enables to see the imperative requirements for human progress in all aspects. Secularism is neither ante-God nor pro-God as it treats alike the devout agnostic and the atheist'. Comment
- Q.5 'Public interest litigation is not in the nature of adversary litigation but it is a challenge and an opportunity to the Government and its officers to make basic human rights meaningful to the deprived and vulnerable sections of the community and assure them social and economic justice which is the significant tune of our Constitution. Discuss
- Q.6 The provisions of Part III and IV are supplementary and complementary to each other and that fundamental rights are but a means to achieve the goal indicated in Part IV. The fundamental rights must be construed in the light of the directive principles.' Comment with the help of case laws.
- Q.7 Discuss the role of Election Commission in ensuring free and fair election.
- **Q.8** Write notes on:
 - a) Right to education
 - **b)** Empowerment of women.

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