

**BACHELOR OF LAWS - LL.B. (THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS -
2015 COURSE)**

LL.B. Sem-III :SUMMER- 2022

SUBJECT : FAMILY LAW-I

Day : Friday
Date : 3/6/2022

S-12594-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 a) “Restitution of Conjugal Rights is the only remedy which could be used by the deserted spouse against the other.” Discuss the constitutional validity of the Restitution of Conjugal Rights.

OR

b) “The theory and practice of divorce in the Islamic world have varied according to time and place.” Expound the various ways in which Muslim marriage may be dissolved.

Q.2 a) “Marriage is possible under the Special Marriage Act irrespective of religion of parties.” Explain the procedure of solemnization of marriage under the Special Marriage Act, 1954.

OR

b) ‘Force or Fraud makes a Hindu marriage voidable.’ Discuss the provisions of nullity and annulment of marriage.

Q.3 a) “In Islam, marriage is a legal contract between a man and a woman.” Explicate the nature and kinds of Muslim Marriage.

OR

b) “The marriage and divorce in India is governed by their own personal law.” Enunciate the grounds of Divorce under Parsi Personal laws.

Q.4 a) Write note on:
i) Sources of Muslim Law
ii) Salient features of Christian Marriage

OR

b) Write note on:
i) Sources of Hindu law
ii) Iddat Period

Q.5 a) i) Sazia was wife of Nafeh. The dower of ₹ 5 lakhs was to be paid to Sazia. Nafeh died and entire amount of Dower remain unpaid. Advice Sazia.
ii) Samar Ghosh v. Jaya Ghosh.

OR

b) i) ‘A’, a Hindu male and ‘B’, a Hindu female approached Anti - Purohit Group and solemnized marriage by exchange of garland and ring and took vows together. After few months ‘A’ solemnized marriage with ‘C’ by performing Saptapadi and other recognized customs. ‘B’ sued ‘A’ for Bigamy. Decide.
ii) Shayara Bano v. U.O.I.

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