

B.A. LL.B. (FIVE YEAR DEGREE COURSE) (CBCS - 2015 COURSE)

B.A. LL. B. Sem - II : : SUMMER - 2022

SUBJECT : LAW OF CONTRACT

Day : Tuesday
Date : 31-05-2022

S-12467-2022

Time : 02:00 PM-04:30 PM
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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Q.1 Write Short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:

- a) Standard form of contract
- b) Wagering Agreements
- c) Novation of Contract
- d) Doctrine of Frustration

OR

When does an agreement become a contract? Explain with the help of essentials of a valid contract.

Q.2 "When there is no Free Consent, there is no Contract." Discuss.

OR

"A stranger to a contract cannot sue." Discuss. Are there any exceptions to the rule?

Q.3 What do you understand by "Performance of Contract."? Explain who can demand performance and by whom contract must be performed.

OR

What remedies are available to an aggrieved party in cases of breach of contract?

Q.4 A's house was on fire and a child was trapped inside the house. Everyone was shouting for help. A brave on looker, hearing the shrieks of child. Went inside the house and brought him out. The father of the child promised to pay the rescuer Rs 50,000. Subsequently he broke his promise. The rescuer sued the promisor for the breach.

Explain the facts and principle laid down in the case of Hyde v. Wrench

OR

Q.4 Mr. X invites his classmates for dinner at his house for birthday party. All the classmates reached X's house at the appointed time. X does not perform his promise. Can all of them sue X for breach of promise.

Explain the facts and principle laid down in the case of Mohri Bibi v. Dharmadas Ghosh

Q.5 Explain with reference to Specific Relief Act, 1963

- a) Discuss the provisions relating to recovery of possession of immoveable property

OR

- b) Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following
 - i) Nature of Specific Relief
 - ii) Perpetual Injunction
 - iii) Declaratory decree

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