BACHELOR OF ARTS (CBCS - 2018 COURSE) F. Y. B. A. Sem-II :SUMMER- 2022 SUBJECT : COMPULSORY ENGLISH-II

0ay : F 0ate : 1	•		S-18210-2022			Time : 11:00 AM Max. Marks : 60	Time: 11:00 AM-02:00 F Max. Marks: 60	
N.B.	1) 2)		ll questions are COM gures to the right ind					
Q.1	a) b) c)	Attempt ANY TWO of the following: Present the gist of Mahatma Gandhi's views on equal distribution. Explain what is the task of Education. Present the details of Wasserkopf's examination by his teachers.					(12)	
Q.2	a) b) c)	Critically appreciate ANY TWO of the following poems: 'Polonius to Laertes by William Shakespeare 'No Men are Foreign' by James Kirkup "Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening" by Robert Frost					(12)	
Q.3	a) b) c)	Write short notes on ANY TWO of the following: Young Lawyers years of confinement William Hazlittts advice to his son The theme of 'The Golden Pitcher'					(12)	
Q.4	A)	Match the following words with their Synonyms in the columns given below: (ANY SIX):					(06)	
		i)	Adequate	a)	Praise			
		ii)	Admiration	b)	Annually			
		iii)	Futile	c)	Wide			
		iv)	Yearly	d)	Passion			
		v)	Broad	e)	Fixed			
		vi)	Zeal	f)	Watchful			
		vii)	Static	g)	Useless			
		viii)	Vigilance	h)	Sufficient			
	B)	Match the following words with their Antonyms in the columns given below: (ANY SIX):					(06)	
		i)	Create	a)	War			
		ii)	Decrease	b)	Immoral			
		iii)	Peace	c)	Hate			
		iv)	Moral	(d)	Bold			
		v)	Love	e)	Virtue			
		vi)	Shy	f)	Ascend			
		vii)	Sin	g)	Increase			
		viii)	Descend	h)	Destroy			

Q.5 A) Attempt ANY ONE of the following:

-) Write a paragraph on 'Global Warming'
- ii) Write a paragraph on 'Save Girl Child'
- B) Read the following passage and summarize it in your own words Suggest a (06) suitable title:

I have mentioned the names of some of the great ones of those times. One of the greatest of these, I have not yet mentioned. his name was Socrates . he was a Philosopher, always searching for truth. Tim him the only thing worth having was truth and often discussed difficult question with his friends and acquaintance, so that out of the discussion truth might emerge. He had many disciples or chelas and the greatest of these was Plat. Plato wrote many books which have come down to us, and it is from these books that we know a great deal of his master, Socrates. Evidently government do not like people who are always trying to find out things: they don't like the search for truth. The Athenian government this was just after the time of Pericles – did not like the methods of Socrates and they held a trial and condemned him to death. They told him if he promised to give up his discussions with people and changed his ways they would let him off. But he refused to do so and preferred the up of poison which brought him death to giving up what he considered his duty.

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(06)