## BACHELOR OF COMMERCE (CBCS - 2018 COURSE) F. Y. B. Com. Sem-I :SUMMER- 2022 SUBJECT: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING-I

Day: Tuesday
Date: 5/7/2022

S-18127-2022

Time: 11:00 AM-02:00 PM

Max. Marks: 60

N. B. :

1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Use of non-programmable calculator is **ALLOWED**.
- Q. 1 What is Financial Accounting? Explain advantages of financial accounting. (12)

OR

a) Explain process for issue of Accounting Standard.

(06)

**b)** Write note on Accounting Standard 2.

(06)

Q. 2 Neeta, Pranita and Sunita were in partnership sharing profit and losses in the ratio of 3:2:1 respectively. They decided to dissolve their partnership with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2019 when their Balance sheet was as under:

## Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2019

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Partner's Capital		Land and Building	95,000
Neeta	69,000	Machinery	45,000
Pranita	40,000	Furniture	20,000
Sunita	25,000	Stock	30,000
Sundry Creditors	90,000	Sundry Debtors	50,000
Bills Payable	30,000	Cash	14,000
	2,54,000		2,54,000

The assets were realized gradually as follows:

Date	Amount₹
April 2019	65,000
May 2019	52,000
June 2019	70,000

Prepare:

- a) Statement showing surplus capital.
- b) Statement showing Piecemeal Distribution of Cash.
- Q. 3 A and B were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3:2. They decided to dissolve the firm when their position was as under:

## Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2019

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
A's Capital	20,000	Plant and Machinery	15,000
B's Capital	18,000	Stock	15,000
General Reserve	5,000	Sundry Debtors	22,000
B's Loan A/c	2,000	Cash	3,000
Sundry Creditors	10,000		
	55,000		55,000

- a) The Assets realized as follows:
  - i) Stock ₹ 14,000
- ii) Debtors ₹ 20,000
- iii) Plant and Machinery ₹ 12,000
- b) The sundry creditors were paid at a discount of ₹1,500.
- c) The cost of dissolution amounted to  $\stackrel{?}{\sim} 500$ .

Prepare Realization Account, Capital Account of partners and Cash Account.

Q. 4 Rupa, Deepa and Seema were in partnership sharing profits and losses in the ratio 4:3:1. Their Balance Sheet as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2019 was as under. They decided to convert their firm into a limited company.

Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 2019

Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Sundry Creditors	40,000	Land and Building	90,000
Bank Loan	20,000	Plant and Machinery	60,000
Partner's Capital		Sundry Debtors	75,000
Rupa	1,00,000	Stock	65,000
Deepa	75,000	Cash	10,000
Seema	65,000		
	3,00,000		3,00,000

The newly formed company took the following assets at the values agreed upon:

Assets	Amount ₹
Land and Building	1,10,000
Plant and Machinery	55,000
Sundry Debtors	70,000
Stock	60,000
Goodwill	20,000

The company also agreed to pay the creditors, which were agreed at ₹ 38,500.

The company paid ₹ 1,67,500 in fully paid shares of ₹ 10 each and balance in cash.

The expenses amount to ₹ 2,500.

You are required to prepare:

- a) Statement of Purchase Consideration.
- b) Realization Account
- c) Cash Account
- **d)** Partner's Capital in the books of the firm to give effect to the above scheme of conversion.

## Q. 5 Write short notes on **ANY THREE** of the following:

(12)

- a) Purchase Consideration
- b) Maximum Loss Method
- c) dissolution of partnership firm
- d) Limitations of Financial Accounting
- e) Reasons of Conversion