

**B.TECH SEM – VI (2007 COURSE) (CIVIL ENGG.) :**  
**WINTER - 2017**

**SUBJECT: STRUCTURAL DESIGN – II**

Day: **Tuesday**  
Date: **21/11/2017**

**W-2017-2500**

10.00 AM TO 02.00 PM  
Time: \_\_  
Max. Marks: 80

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**N.B.:**

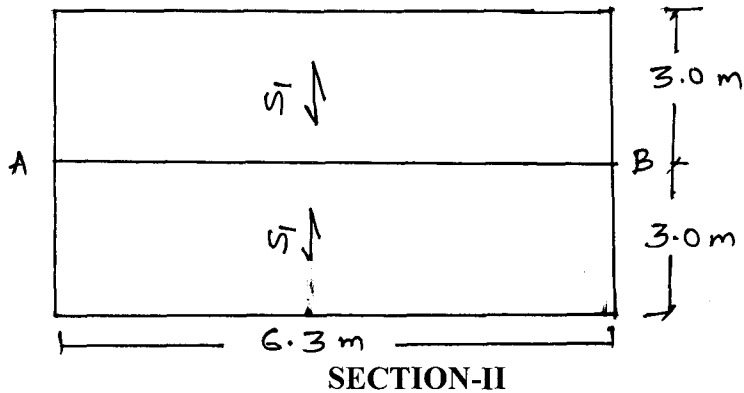
- 1) **Q. No. 1 and Q. No. 5 are COMPULSORY.** Out of the remaining attempt any **TWO** questions from each section.
  - 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
  - 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book.
  - 4) Use of **IS 456-2000** and interaction charts is allowed.
  - 5) Draw neat diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.
  - 6) Assume suitable data if necessary.
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**SECTION –I**

- Q.1 a)** Draw the actual and idealized stress –strain curve for concrete. Write its salient features. **(05)**
- b)** Determine the basic design parameter for concrete of M25, Fe 500, as per LSM. **(05)**
- c)** What is the reason for providing minimum stirrups in a R.C beam? **(04)**
- Q.2 a)** What do you understand by creep of concrete? Draw the creep- time curve and define creep coefficient of concrete. “Constructing a brick wall on a freshly laid concrete is to be avoided”. Why? **(07)**
- b)** What is a semi-probabilistic approach as applied to LSM? How it is used in determining the partial safety factors? **(06)**
- Q.3 a)** What do you understand by under –reinforced, balanced and over-reinforced section? Justify your answer with the help of strain variation diagram. **(06)**
- b)** A singly reinforced rectangular R.C. beam has cross section of 230 mm × 525 mm. The beam is reinforced with 3 bars of 20 mm diameter. Determine the amount of uniformly distributed load the beam can carry on a simply supported span of 4.8m. Use WSM . M20, Fe 415 is used. **(07)**
- Q.4 a)** Explain the modes of failure of a beam subjected to flexure. **(06)**

**P. T. O.**

- b) Design beam AB completely and show the detailing of reinforcement. Slab  $S_1$  is 125mm thick and carries a total load of  $8 \text{ kN/m}^2$ . The beam also supports a 230mm thick brick masonry wall of 3.2 m height. Use M25, Fe 415. (07)



- Q.5 a) How the loading on going and landing portion of a staircase flight is calculated? (05)
- b) What is an interaction diagrams for column? Write its salient features. (05)
- c) A square column of size  $400 \text{ mm} \times 400 \text{ mm}$  is reinforced with 8bars of 20mm diameter. A footing of size  $2000 \text{ mm} \times 2000 \text{ mm} \times \text{depth } 600 \text{ mm}$  is provided for the column. Reinforcement along X- axis is  $20\#10 \text{ mm}$ . Reinforcement along y -axis is  $21\#10 \text{ mm}$ . Draw the details of column -footing reinforcement. (04)
- Q.6 a) Design a two way slab  $3 \text{ m} \times 5 \text{ m}$  with two opposite edges discontinuous. The slab carries a live load of  $3 \text{ kN/m}^2$ . Using M20 Fe 415, design the slab completely. Show the details of reinforcement. (10)
- b) What is a distribution steel? Why and where it is provided? How it is determined? (03)
- Q.7 a) Design a short R.C. column with material M20, Fe 415 for an effective length of 3.8 m. The column carries an axial load of 850 kN and moment about major axis = 45 kNm. Design the column by assuming size as  $230 \text{ mm} \times 600 \text{ mm}$  and draw the reinforcement details. (10)
- b) Write functions of longitudinal reinforcement in a column. (03)
- Q.8 A short RC column of size  $230 \text{ mm} \times 600 \text{ mm}$  is subjected to an axial load of 1200 kN. Design an isolated pad footing for the column. Safe bearing capacity of soil is  $210 \text{ kN/m}^2$ . Use M20, Fe 415. Sketch the details of the reinforcement. (13)

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