

II-B.OPTOM.SEM-III.WINTER-2017
SUBJECT : DISPENSING OPTICS – II

Note : Section – A is given on a **SEPARATE** sheet and has to be answered on the same sheet.
This sheet should be completed within the first 30 minutes of starting of the examination.
This sheet with section – A only will be collected by the supervisor.

Seat No. _____ W-2017-3474 Day: Tuesday
Date: 28-11-2017

SECTION – A

Q.1 A True or False: **[15]**

- 1) The higher the RI, the lesser will be the chromatic aberration.
- 2) Polarized lenses are available without tint.
- 3) Best form lenses reduce chromatic aberration.
- 4) Blue tinted lenses absorb blue end of the spectrum.
- 5) The higher the refractive index of the Glass the higher will be the efficiency of an ARC.
- 6) For high plus lenses the diameter of the lens should be ordered as large as possible.
- 7) The higher the base curve the lesser will be the magnification.
- 8) High index lenses make the lens more steeper.
- 9) Glass D bifocal is lighter in weight as compared to Glass executive bifocal of same power.
- 10) Segment inset varies according to near addition.
- 11) Retrosopic tilt is given in low powered prescription lenses.
- 12) The lesser the curve variation factor the lesser is the thickness of the lens.
- 13) While fitting bifocal lenses if the head posture of the patient is chin up, the fitting height should be increased.
- 14) In PAL myopia of 8 D with near add +1.0, the peripheral astigmatism are more intense than the lens with 20 D myopia with same addition.
- 15) Tints which have lesser transmission than 10%, reduce visual acuity.

B) Fill in the blanks:

[05]

- 1) _____ tint is preferred when the outdoor atmosphere is smoggy (smoky + foggy).
- 2) _____ tint is preferred for night driving.
- 3) Segment depth means _____.
- 4) Segment inset is dependent on _____.
- 5) For 7° pantoscopic tilt the OC should be lowered by _____ while fitting the lens.

Marks Obtained: _____

Signature of Invigilator: _____

Signature of Examiner: _____

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II – B. OPTOM. SEM– III : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : DISPENSING OPTICS – II

Day : **Tuesday**
Date : **28/11/2017**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 70

W-2017-3474

N.B.:

- 1) There are **THREE** section as:
Section A = Objective type questions = 20 marks
Section B = Long questions = 20 marks
Section C = Short questions = 30 marks
- 2) Section A is given on a separate and has to be answered on the same sheet. This sheet should be completed with in the first **30** minutes of starting of the examination. This sheet with Section A only will be collected by the Supervisor.
- 3) Section B has 3 long questions an **ANY TWO** questions have to be answered on the separate answer sheet.
- 4) Section C has short questions and **ANY FIVE** questions have to be answered on the separate answer sheet.
- 5) Draw neat labeled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.

SECTION – B

Attempt **ANY TWO** of the following: **[20]**

- Q.1** Explain four types of monochromatic aberrations and different ways to eliminate those aberrations.
- Q.2** Explain the advantages of PAL over other presbyopic correction options and explain how PAL are manufactured.
- Q.3** Calculate Total Displacement, Image Jump and DDRL in bifocals:
 $DP = - 1.0 / - 2.0 \times 90$
 $NP = - 1.0 / + 2.0 \times 180$
28mm round fused KRBF, D bifocal, Executive bifocal and 40mm round ultex.
Reading level = 9mm and segment drop 2mm.

SECTION – C

Explain the detailed dispensing management in following condition **ANY FIVE:** **[30]**

- Q.1** Accommodative esotropia.
- Q.2** Anisometropia where RE plano and LE – 5.00 DS.
- Q.3** 38 year old computer engineer complaining about eyestrain and headache while near work.
- Q.4** Albinism patient with high hypermetropia (office clerk).
- Q.5** 50 year old Quality control analyst in chemical factory.
- Q.6** CEO of MNC 35 year old has active lifestyle.

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