

LL.B. (3 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-I (2009 COURSE) :
WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : OPTIONAL – I a) INDIAN FEDERALISM

Day : **Friday**
Date : **24/11/2017**

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : **80**

W-2017-1268

N. B. :

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including **Q. No. 1** which is **COMPUSLORY**. Out of the remaining questions attempt **ANY FIVE**.
- 2) **Q. No. 1** carries **20** marks and all other question carry **12** marks each.

Q. 1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Coalition government
- b) Doctrine of pith and substance
- c) Doctrine of Ancillary power
- d) Privatization
- e) Allocation of Shares
- f) Globalization

Q. 2 Indian Federalism is a flexible and co-operative mechanism. Discuss the essential features of Indian Federalism.

Q. 3 “If any state law is inconsistent with a Federal law, then Federal law shall prevail and the state law shall to the extent of the inconsistency, be void”. Discuss the legislative relationship between Centre and State.

Q. 4 Critically evaluate the provisions of Art 356 of the Indian Constitution.

Q. 5 The Supreme Court in Keshavanand Bharati’s case stated that Federalism is a part of the basic structure and foundation of the Indian Constitution. Explain with reference to Keshavanand Bharati case 1973 in brief.

Q. 6 Write a brief note on concept of Co – Operative Federalism.

Q. 7 Give a brief account of comparative Federalism regarding America and India.

Q. 8 Discuss the provisions of the constitution which deal with the distribution of financial powers between the Centre and States.

Q. 9 Elucidate the administrative relations between the Center and States.

Q.10 Discuss the need of Federal agencies to combat terrorism in India.

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