

**LL. B. (3 Year Degree Course) SEM-IV (2015 Course) (Choice Based Credit System) : WINTER - 2017**

**SUBJECT : OPTIONAL b) GENDER JUSTICE & FEMINIST JURISPRUDENCE**

Day : Friday  
Date : 13/10/2017

**W-2017-1256**

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**N.B.**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.

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**Q.1 a)** Explain the provisions of Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 regarding adoption and changes introduced by the Act in customary Hindu law of Adoption.

**OR**

**b)** “Art. 14 of the Constitution of India says, “Equality before law and equal protection of law. However the state is empowered to make special provisions in favour of women.” Discuss the special provisions for women incorporated under the Constitution of India.

**Q.2 a)** What are the different grounds on the basis of which Muslim woman can ask for divorce under The Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1937.

**OR**

**b)** Write down the historical background and status of women in India.

**Q.3 a)** “Section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 makes provisions for maintenance of wives. This section shows that it is a fundamental duty of every person to maintain his wife”. Describe the provisions of maintenance under 125 Criminal Procedure Code.

**OR**

**b)** Write short notes on :  
**i)** Sati  
**ii)** Prostitution

**Q.4 a)** “Rape is not merely a physical assault it is often destructive of the whole personality of victim”. In the light of the above statement explain the provisions relating to rape under Indian Penal Code, 1860.

**OR**

**b)** What are the various provisions meant for woman under International Convention on Social Economic and Cultural Rights, 1966?

**Q.5 a)** Comment of unequal position of women in various personal laws. Do you think that Uniform Civil could be a solution for such situation?

**OR**

**b)** Critically discuss the legal provisions relating to ‘Employment of women’ under labour laws in India.

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