

**B. A. LL. B. (5 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-IX (2009
COURSE) : WINTER - 2017
SUBJECT : ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Day Wednesday
Date 01/11/2017

W-2017-1217

Time 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt **ANY SIX** questions in all including **Q.No.1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) **Q.No.1** carries **20** marks and all other questions carry **12** marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following:

- a) Sub-Delegation
- b) Reasoned Decision
- c) Promissory Estoppel
- d) Special Leave to Appeal
- e) Statutory Judicial Remedies
- f) Ombudsman

Q.2 Administrative law has grown and developed tremendously in quantity, quality and is of relevant significance in the twentieth century. Discuss the nature and scope of Administrative Law.

Q.3 Legislature while delegating its legislative powers to the executive it shall not delegate its essential legislative functions. How far this principle is adopted in India? Discuss with the help of judicial decision.

Q.4 The cardinal principal of judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding is that a judge who decides the matter shall not be biased. Discuss the rule against bias.

Q.5 State the factors responsible for the emergence of Administrative Tribunals in India. Explain judicial control over Administrative Tribunals.

Q.6 Explain the general conditions for the issuance of writs.

Q.7 A discretionary power is not completely discretionary, in the sense of being entirely uncontrolled. Explain the judicial control on Administrative Discretion.

Q.8 The Constitution of Inquiry Commission has become a tool for the government to subside the public anger. Explain.

Q.9 Discuss the liability of the state for the torts committed by its servants with suitable case laws.

Q.10 Today the public enterprises constitute an important sector of the Indian Economy and occupy a commanding position. Discuss the reasons for the growth of the public undertakings.

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