

**M. SC. (ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY) SEM-III (CHOICE
BASED CREDIT & GRADE SYSTEM) : WINTER - 2017**

SUBJECT: RECENT ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Day: **Wednesday**

Time: **03.00 PM TO 06.00 PM**

Date: **08/11/2017**

W-2017-0776

Max Marks. 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer book.
- 4) Neat diagram must be draw **WHEREVER** necessary.
- 5) Grape problem are supplied with the answer sheet.

SECTION - I

- Q.1** Attempt any **THREE** of the following : **(15)**
- a) Explain applications of monochromatores of all available types.
 - b) Describe with suitable diagram, atomic absorption spectroscopy with ETA.
 - c) Explain Tandem man spectrometry with its sketch.
 - d) Explain any two detectors used in radiation capture process.
 - e) Draw a neat and labeled diagram for AFS instrument and discuss it in detail.
- Q.2** A) Attempt any **TWO** of the following : **(10)**
- i) Explain interaction of EMR with matter in detail.
 - ii) Define Beer's law and explain deviation for Beer's laws.
 - iii) Discuss all sources used in AAS and explain applications in industries.
- B) Solve **ANY ONE** of the following **(05)**
- i) Calculate the concentration of analyte by using the following data:
 $T = 0.3\%$ $\epsilon = 2.61 \times 10^4 \text{ L cm}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
 $B = 1.5 \text{ cm}$
 - ii) Calculate the K.E. of a singly charged ion ($z=1$) if it is accelerated through a potential 10^4V in an electron impact source.

SECTION - II

- Q.3** Attempt any **THREE** of the following : **(15)**
- a) Describe in brief flow injection analysis & their applications in industries.
 - b) What are lipids? Make a comment on nutritional significance of it.
 - c) State Beer's law and derive an expression for the absorption of material.
 - d) Give definition of detergent and its classification. Explain general scheme of analysis of detergent.
 - e) What is hemolysis? Justify: hemolysis samples should not be used in serum protein analysis and serum urea analysis.
- Q.4** A) Attempt any **TWO** of the following : **(10)**
- i) Explain the use of automatic titration in pathology laboratory.
 - ii) Describe tests for sulphonated and non sulphonated material in detergents.
 - iii) Describe C,H,N,O analyzer in brief with suitable diagram.
- B) Solve **ANY ONE** of the following **(05)**
- i) A time of light mass spectrometer has a length of 100.00 cm and uses an accelerating potential of 2400V. Calculate the time required for ionic fragments with m/Z 90 k 91 to strike the detector.
Given: Avo.No – 6.022×10^{23} , Charge = $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$.
 - ii) A solution of vitamin B₁₂ shows 75% transmittance at wave length 270nm. Calculate the absorbance of the solution.

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