

F.Y.B.SC. SEM – I (2014 COURSE) : WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS : CALCULUS (M-12)

Day : Thursday
Date : 09/11/2017

Time 12.00 NOON TO 02.00 PM
Max. Marks : 40

W-2017-0597

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q.1 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: (10)

a) Show that if f is continuous on $[a, b]$ and $f(a)$ and $f(b)$ have opposite signs, then $f(x) = 0$, for some $x \in [a, b]$.

b) Discuss the continuity of function f if

$$f(x) = \frac{e^{1/x} - 1}{e^{1/x} + 1}, \text{ when } x \neq 0 \text{ and } f(0) = 0 .$$

c) If $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$, then show that

$$x^2 y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 + 1)y_n = 0 .$$

Q.2 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: (10)

a) State and prove Rolle's mean value theorem.

b) For $0 < a < b$, prove by using Lagrange's mean value theorem that

$$1 - \frac{a}{b} < \log\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) < \frac{b}{a} - a \text{ and hence show that } \frac{1}{6} < \log\left(\frac{6}{5}\right) < \frac{1}{5} .$$

c) If $f'(x)$ exists in the interval (a, b) where $0 < a < b$, then prove that there exists a number $c \in (a, b)$ such that $f(b) - f(a) = cf'(c) \log\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$.

Q.3 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: (10)

a) Show that a sequence $\{S_n\}$ where $S_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n$ is monotonic and bounded.

b) Discuss the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n-1)x^n}{(n-3)(n-4)}$ is convergent if $p > 1$.

c) Using Maclaurin's series expansion, prove that

$$e^x \cos x = 1 + x - \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{6} - \frac{x^5}{30} + ..$$

Q.4 Attempt any **FIVE** of the following: (10)

a) Show that every differentiable function is continuous.

b) State Leibnitz's theorem for n^{th} derivative.

c) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x} \right]$.

d) By using Maclaurin's theorem find the expansion of e^x .

e) If $y = \frac{1}{4x+5} + e^{7x} + \log(3x-2) + 2^{5x}$, find y_n .

f) Discuss the convergence of sequence $\{a_n\}$ where $a_n = (-1)^n(3n+4)$.

g) Discuss the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{7-3n}{5n^2+3n+8}$.

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