

S.Y.B.SC. (COMPUTER SCIENCE) SEM –IV (2014 COURSE) :

WINTER - 2017

SUBJECT : COMPUTATIONAL GEOMETRY

Day : Saturday
Date : 28/10/2017

Time : 03.00 PM TO 05.00 PM
Max. Marks : 40

W-2017-0751

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q.1 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: (10)

- a) Show that the transformation matrix for rotation about the origin through an angle θ is $[T] = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta \\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{bmatrix}$.
- b) Find the point of intersection of A'B' and E'F' lines AB and EF are transformed to the lines A'B' and E'F' respectively by using transformation matrix $[T] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$. If $A = [-1 \ -1]$, $B = [3 \ 5/3]$, $E = \begin{bmatrix} -1/2 & 3/2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $F = [3 \ -2]$.
- c) Find the concatenated transformation matrix if an object is rotated about the point $[4 \ 3]$ through an angle 90° .

Q.2 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: (10)

- a) Determine the principal for shortening factor if the matrix for axonometric project is given by $[T] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.99 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -0.09 & -0.66 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.08 & -0.74 & 0 & 0 \\ -2.5 & 3.05 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- b) Develop transformation matrix to reflect through plane passing through $A[x_0 \ y_0 \ z_0]$ and parallel to yz- plane.
- c) Find the concatenated transformation matrix for rotation about x-axis through an angle 60° followed by rotation about y-axis through an angle 90° and apply this on $[x]$ where $[x] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

P.T.O.

Q.3 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: **(10)**

- a) Obtain an algorithm to generate uniformly spaced n points on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$.
- b) Generate 10 points on the parabolic segment in the first quadrant for $1 \leq x \leq 4$ for the parabola given by $x = \theta^2$; $y = 2\theta$.
- c) Find the parametric equation of a Be'zier curve determined by control points $B_0[1 \ 2]$, $B_1[2 \ 3]$, $B_2[4 \ 1]$ and hence find the position vector of the point corresponding to parameter value $t = 0.1$ and $t = 0.2$.

Q.4 Attempt any **FIVE** of the following: **(10)**

- a) Write the transformation matrix for shearing in x-direction.
- b) Explain over all scaling effect.
- c) Define cabinet projection.
- d) Write any two properties of B-spline curve.
- e) Write recursion equation for ellipse.
- f) Write parametric equation for Be'zier curve.
- g) The ΔABC with position vector $A [1 \ 0]$, $B [0 \ 1]$ and $C [-1 \ 0]$ is transformed by $[T] = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the area of $\Delta A'B'C'$.

* * *