

**B.Tech. SEM -V ( Computer) 2014 Course (CBCS) : WINTER - 2018**

**SUBJECT-FORMAL LANGUAGES AND AUTOMATA THEORY**

Day: Thursday  
Date: 22/11/2018

**W-2018-2389**

Time: 02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM  
Max Marks: 60

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Assume suitable data if necessary.

- Q.1**
- a) Define Basic machine and compare basic machine with FA (05)
  - b) Design DFA that reads string made up of letters in the word 'CHARIOT' and recognize these strings that contain word 'RAT' as substring. (05)

**OR**

- Q.1**
- a) Give formal definition of DFA and NFA. Comment on Is DFA is faster than NFA? (05)
  - b) Design DFA that accept all strings over alphabet  $\Sigma(a,b)$  containing number of a's are multiple of 3. (05)

- Q.2**
- a) Give the Mealy machine for following processes "for input from  $(0+1)^*$  if inputs ends in 101 output 'x', if input ends in 110 output 'y', otherwise 'z'. (06)
  - b) Show that  $L = \{a^p | p \text{ is a prime}\}$  is not regular by pumping lemma. (04)

**OR**

- Q.2**
- a) Find regular expression corresponding to each of the following subset of  $\{0,1\}^*$ 
    - i) The language of all strings containing exactly two 0's.
    - ii) The language of all strings containing at least two 0's.
    - iii) The language of all strings that do not end with 01.(06)
  - b) Compare Moore and Mealy machine with example (04)

- Q.3**
- a) Explain Chomsky Hierarchy (04)
  - b) Convert the following grammer to GNF (06)
    - i)  $S \rightarrow ABA|AB|BA|AA|A|B$
    - ii)  $A \rightarrow aA|a$
    - iii)  $B \rightarrow bB|b$

**OR**

- Q.3**
- a) Explain closure and decision properties of CFL. (04)
  - b) For right linear grammar given below obtain an equivalent left linear grammar (06)  
 $S \rightarrow 10A|01, A \rightarrow 00A|1$

**P.T.O.**

**Q.4 a)** Construct DPDA accepting  $L = \{w \in \{a,b\}^* \mid \text{the number of } a\text{'s in } w \text{ equals the number of } b\text{'s in } w\}$  by final state. (06)

**b)** Give formal definition of post machine and give example. (04)

**OR**

**Q.4 a)** Design PDA for the following CFG (06)  
 $G = \{S \rightarrow aAA, A \rightarrow bS, A \rightarrow aS, S \rightarrow a\}$

**b)** Compare Deterministic PDA with Non deterministic PDA (04)

**Q.5 a)** Design Turing machine  $M$  to recognize the language  $\{a^n, b^n, c^n \mid n \geq 1\}$  (06)

**b)** Explain multi stack Turing machine (04)

**OR**

**Q.5 a)** State and prove halting problem of turing machine (06)

**b)** Give formal definition of Turing machine and its limitations. (04)

**Q.6 a)** Show that for two recursive languages  $L_1$  &  $L_2$  each of the following (05)  
recursive

i)  $L_1 \cup L_2$  ii)  $L_1 \cap L_2$

**b)** Explain stack evaluation as application of PDA (05)

**OR**

**Q.6 a)** Prove the theorem “ if  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are recursively enumerable languages over  $\Sigma$  then  $L_1 \cup L_2$  and  $L_1 \cap L_2$  are also recursively enumerable (06)

**b)** Explain lexical analyzer as application of FA. (04)

\* \* \* \*