

F.Y.B.Sc (Nursing) 2007 Course: Winter 2018
SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY

Day: Friday
Date: 05.10.2018

Time: -
Max. Marks: 15

W. 2018-4016

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Put a tick mark in the appropriate box.
- 3) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 4) Section-I should be completed in **20** minutes.
- 5) Each section carries **ONE** mark.
- 6) Student will not be allotted any marks if he/ she overwrite strikes or puts ink on the box once marked.

Seat No. _____

Total Marks Obtained _____

Jr. Supervisor signature _____

Signature of Examiner _____

SECTION-I

Q.1 M.C.Q:

Q.1 Psychoanalysis was founded by _____.

- a) John Watson
- b) Sigmund Freud
- c) Pavlov
- d) Carl Roger

Q.2 An important principle of Gestalt psychology is _____.

- a) Whole is equal to its parts
- b) Part is greater than the whole
- c) Whole is greater than the parts
- d) Whole is greater than the sum of its parts

Q.3 Hallucination is _____.

- a) Misinterpretation
- b) False perception
- c) False belief
- d) Imagery

Q.4 Which of the following is a secondary drive _____?

- a) Hunger
- b) Warm clothes
- c) Creativity
- d) Sex

P.T.O.

- Q.5** Diversion of attention from a chosen object of attention is termed as _____.
- a) Attention
 - b) Distraction
 - c) Forgetting
 - d) Amnesia
- Q.6** Ability to remember experiences that happened years ago is example of _____.
- a) Working memory
 - b) Recent memory
 - c) Long term memory
 - d) Sensory memory
- Q.7** Which of the following is not a law of perceptual organization _____?
- a) Continuity
 - b) Similarity
 - c) Proximity
 - d) Attention
- Q.8** Mnemonics means _____.
- a) Memory
 - b) To forget
 - c) To attend
 - d) To remember
- Q.9** Which part of neuron is responsible for receiving information from other neurons _____.
- a) Cell-body
 - b) Axon
 - c) Dendrites
 - d) Myelin sheath
- Q.10** Attitude is _____.
- a) Acquired
 - b) Related with sentiment
 - c) Innate
 - d) Absorbed from environment

Q.11 Introvert, extrovert classification of personality was given by _____.

- a) Kretchner
- b) Carl Jung
- c) Sheldon
- d) Freud

Q.12 Intelligence Quotient (IQ) is _____.

- a) $\frac{\text{Chronological Age}}{\text{Mental Age}} \times 100$
- b) $\frac{\text{Mental Age}}{\text{Chronological Age}} \times 100$
- c) $\frac{\text{Mental Age}}{\text{Chronological Age}}$
- d) $\frac{\text{Mental Age}}{100}$

Q.13 Performance tests are used for people who are _____.

- a) Deaf or dumb
- b) Blind
- c) Well educated
- d) Handicap

Q.14 The concept of unconscious mind was given by _____.

- a) Jung
- b) William
- c) Sheldon
- d) Freud

Q.15 Emotional conflicts cause _____.

- a) Mood disorder
- b) Cardiovascular disorder
- c) Infectious disorder
- d) Psychosomatic disorder

F.Y. B.SC. (NURSING) (2007 COURSE) : WINTER- 2018

SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY

Day: Friday
Date: 05/10/2018

Time: 10.00 A.M. TO 01.00 P.M.
Max. Marks: 60

W-2018-4016

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Answer to both the sections should be written in the **SEPARATE** answer book.

SECTION-II

Q.2 Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: **(15)**

- a) Characteristics of a mentally healthy individual
- b) Psychosexual Theory of personality development
- c) Factors influencing in Intelligent Quotient (I.Q.)
- d) Phases of counseling process
- e) Influence of Emotions in bodily functions
- f) Stress management
- g) Frustration

Q.3 Long Questions: (**ANY ONE**):

- a) Define the attitude. **(02)**
- b) What are the various factors affecting attitude. **(06)**
- c) How will you change the attitudes of an individual? **(07)**

OR

- a) Define Mental Health. **(02)**
- b) Difference between Mental Health and Mental Illness. **(05)**
- c) Discuss the warning signs for poor Mental Health. **(08)**

SECTION-III

Q.4 Write short notes on **ANY FIVE** of the following: **(15)**

- a) Defense mechanisms
- b) Types of Motives
- c) Introspection method
- d) Sources of conflict
- e) Difference between short term and long term memory
- f) Errors in perception
- g) Areas of Guidance

Q.5 Long Questions: (**ANY ONE**):

- a) Define individual differences **(02)**
- b) Explain the causes of individual differences **(06)**
- c) Discuss the importance of individual differences. **(07)**

OR

- a) Define learning. **(02)**
- b) Explain factors affecting learning. **(06)**
- c) Describe the classical conditioning theory of learning. **(07)**

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