

**LL.M. TRIMESTER – I (Choice Based Credit System) (2013 Course) /
(2015 Course) : WINTER - 2018
SUBJECT: COMPARATIVE PUBLIC LAW**

Day : Wednesday
Date : 05/12/2018

W-2018-1625

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) Answer **ANY FOUR** questions.
 - 2) All questions carry **EQUAL** marks.
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- Q.1** 'The Constitution of India does not only establish rule of law, but also provides for its protection and enforcement through the Judiciary'. Comment.
- Q.2** The basis of the doctrine of separation of power is that merger of all the power in one body will result in negation of individual liberty. Elucidate the status of the doctrine of separation of power in USA, India and Australia.
- Q.3** Write a Comparative Critique on legal features of Federalism in USA, Canada and India.
- Q.4** 'Ombudsman is to control the administration and to give protection to the citizen against injustice brought about by faulty administration.' Evaluate the need and development of Ombudsman in New Zealand and India.
- Q.5** Write a comparative critique on access to information in USA, Australia and India.
- Q.6** The Doctrine of judicial review has been originated and developed by the American Supreme Court although there no express provisions in American Constitution for the judicial review. Elaborate the nature of judicial review and its development in India and America.
- Q.7** Write a critique on Parliamentary Sovereignty in UK and India.
- Q.8** Write Notes on **ANY TWO** of the following:
a) Significance of Constitution.
b) Parliamentary Privileges in India.
c) Australian Ombudsman.

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