M. TECH. (NANO TECHNOLOGY) SEM-IV (CBCS – 2015 COURSE): SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT: SELF STUDY - II: NANOPROCESSING

Day :

Tuesday

S-2018-2964

Time: 11.00 AM TO 02.00 PM

Date : 19/06/2018

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Answers to both the sections should be written in the **SEPARATE** answer books.

SECTION - I

Q.1 Explain why electron microscopes have better magnification and resolution than optical microscopes. Explain how electron beam is manipulated by using Electrostatic and Magnetostatic lens in Electron Microscopes.

OR

Describe the advantages and disadvantages of Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) over Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) for characterization of nanomaterials / nanostructures.

Q.2 What are different types of microscope included in probe microscopy? How [10] Magnetic Force Microscope (MFM) can be used to characterize magnetic materials?

OR

Explain the working principle of Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM) with its advantages, limitations and applications.

Q.3 Explain how 'Quantum Dots' are different from Nanopatricles. Explain [10] processing of TiO₂ nanoparticles for building Dye Sensitized Solar Cells (DSSC)

OR

Describe in detail the three methods of X-ray diffraction (i.e., Single crystal diffraction, Laue method and Powder X-ray diffraction method).

SECTION - II

Q.4 Explain Sol-Gel or Hydrothermal method for synthesis of oxide nanoparticles.

[10]

OR

Explain what do you understand by 'Ageing Effect' in semiconductor nanoparticles. What can be done in order to suppress this ageing effect in semiconductor nanoparticles?

Q.5 Explain the method based on "Spatially Confined Growth" of nanomaterial / [10] nanostructures for synthesis of highly porous materials / structures.

OR

What is core-shell nanoparticles? Explain the synthesis method with an suitable example.

Q.6 Explain any three Top-down processes to synthesis nanostructures.

[10]

OR

Explain any three Bottom-up processes to synthesis 1D nanostructures.

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