

**M. TECH. -II (CHEMICAL ENGINEERING) (CBCS – 2015
COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018**

SUBJECT : MODELLING & SIMULATION OF CHEMICAL PROCESSES

Day : **Monday**
Date : **11/06/2018**

S-2018-3019

Time : **11.00 AM TO 02.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Use of non-programmable **CALCULATOR** is allowed.
- 4) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.

SECTION – I

Q.1 a) Write the component continuity equations for a CSTR and tubular reactor with [05]
reversible reaction $A \xrightleftharpoons[k_2]{k_1} B$.

b) What are the principles of formulation of any mathematical model? [05]

OR

a) Consider a CSTR with a cooling coil inside the tank that can remove the [05]
exothermic heat of reaction λ . The reaction is $A \xrightarrow{k_1} B$, where the rate of
heat generation due to reaction is the rate of consumption of A times λ .

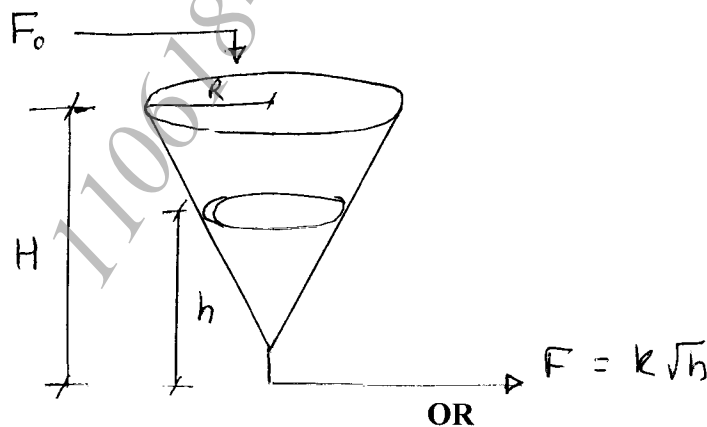
$$Q_G = -\lambda V C_A k.$$

Develop a mathematical model.

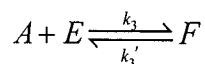
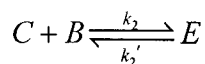
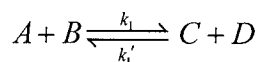
b) Compare and contrast the following: [05]

- i) Lumped parameter Vs. Distributed parameter model
- ii) Steady state Vs. Dynamic model.

Q.2 A fluid of constant density ρ is pumped into a cone-shaped tank of total [10]
volume $H\pi R^2/3$. The flow out of the bottom of the tank is proportional to the
square root of height h of liquid in the tank. Derive the equations describing
the system.



Consider a continuous stirred tank reactor (CSTR) in which following reaction [10]
is carried out



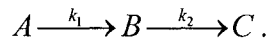
Develop a mathematical model for CSTR.

P.T.O.

- Q.3** Develop a mathematical model for non-ideal distillation column with NC components, non equimolar overflow and inefficient trays. Clearly state the assumptions and define Murphree vapor phase efficiency. [10]

OR

Develop a mathematical model for batch reactor. Consider that first order consecutive reaction takes place in the reactor. [10]



It is required to state the following equations while formulating the model:

- i) Total continuity equation.
- ii) Component continuity equation for A and B.
- iii) Energy equation of process and metal wall.
- iv) Heating phase – total continuity and energy equation of steam vapor.

SECTION – II

- Q.4** What are Ab-initio methods of simulation? Explain in detail. [10]

OR

Define ensembles and fluctuations in simulation. What is ensemble averaging? How it is used in simulation? [10]

- Q.5** Why parameter estimation is important? What are the methods of parameter estimation? [10]

OR

What are the solution methods for boundary value problems? How they are used in simulation and optimization? [10]

- Q.6** What is statistical determination theory? How it is used in process modeling and simulation? [10]

OR

What is genetic algorithm? How it is used in process modeling and simulation? [10]

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