

**B.TECH. SEM -V (E & TC ENGG.) 2014 COURSE (CBCS) :
SUMMER - 2018**

SUBJECT : ELECTROMAGNETIC ENGINEERING

Day : **Friday**
Date : **25/05/2018**

S-2018-2384

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q.1 a) Given P(-2, 6,3) and vector $\vec{A} = y\hat{a}_x + (x+z)\hat{a}_y$. Express P and \vec{A} in cylindrical co-ordinate system. (05)

b) State and explain Stoke's Theorem. (05)

OR

Q.1 a) Determine the divergence of these vector fields : (05)

i) $\vec{P} = x^2 yz\hat{a}_x + xz\hat{a}_z$

ii) $\vec{Q} = \rho \sin \phi \hat{a}_\rho + \rho^2 z \hat{a}_\phi + z \cos \phi \hat{a}_z$.

b) Find the laplacian of the scalar fields: (05)

i) $V = e^{-z} \sin 2x \cosh y$

ii) $U = \rho^2 z \cos 2\phi$

Q.2 a) Derive an expression to find out the electric field intensity due to surface charge distribution. (05)

b) Determine \vec{D} at (4, 0, 3) if there is a point charge $-5\pi \text{ mC}$ at (4, 0, 0) and a line charge $3\pi \text{ mC} / \text{m}$ along the y-axis. (05)

OR

Q.2 a) What is the boundary condition for electrostatic field? (05)

b) Given that $\vec{D} = z\rho \cos^2 \phi \hat{a}_z \text{ C} / \text{m}^2$, calculate the charge density at $(1, \pi/4, 3)$ and the total charge enclosed by the cylinder of radius 1m with $-2 \leq z \leq 2\text{m}$. (05)

Q.3 a) State and explain Biot- Savart's Law. (05)

b) Find out the magnetic field distribution for an infinitely long co-axial cable using Ampere's law. (05)

OR

Q.3 a) State and explain Ampere's circuital law. (05)

b) The xy-plane serves as the interface between two different media. (05)
Medium 1 ($z < 0$) is filled with a material whose $\mu_r = 6$ and medium 2 ($z > 0$) is filled with a material whose $\mu_r = 4$. If the interface carries current $(1/\mu_0)\hat{a}_y \text{ mA} / \text{m}$, and $\vec{B}_2 = 5\hat{a}_x + 8\hat{a}_z \text{ mWb} / \text{m}^2$. Find \vec{H}_1 and \vec{B}_1 .

P.T.O.

- Q.4 a)** Explain Maxwell's equations in point forms. (05)
b) What is the difference between displacement current and conduction current? (05)

OR

- Q.4 a)** State and explain Faraday's law. (05)
b) In medium characterized by $\sigma = 0, \mu = \mu_0, \epsilon_0$ and $\vec{E} = 20 \sin(10^8 t - \beta z) \hat{a}_y$ V/m, calculate β and \vec{H} . (05)

- Q.5 a)** A uniform plane wave propagating in a medium has: (06)
 $\vec{E} = 2e^{-\alpha z} \sin(10^8 t - \beta z) \hat{a}_y$ V/m. If the medium is characterized by $\epsilon_r = 1, \mu_r = 20, \sigma = 3$ S/m. Find α, β and \vec{H}
b) State and explain Poynting Theorem. (04)

OR

- Q.5 a)** What is the electric and magnetic field of a plane wave at normal incidence. (06)
b) What is Helmholtz equation? (04)
Q.6 a) What is characteristic impedance? Express the transmission line equations. (05)
b) Define the following terms: (05)
i) Input impedance
ii) Standing wave ratio

OR

- Q.6 a)** An air line has a characteristic impedance of 70Ω and a phase constant of 3 rad/m at 100 MHz. Calculate the inductance per meter and the capacitance per meter of the line. (05)
b) What is current reflection coefficient? Explain it. (05)

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