

F. Y. P. B. B. SC. (NURSING) : SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT : CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Day : Friday
Date : 20/04/2018

S-2018-3892

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 15

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Put a in the appropriate box.
- 3) Use blue / black pen only.
- 4) Section – I should be completed in **15** minutes.
- 5) Each question carries **ONE** mark.
- 6) Students will not be allotted marks if he/she overwrites strikes or puts white ink on the cross once marked.

Seat No.: _____

Total Marks Obtained: _____

Jr. Signature: _____

Examiners Signature: _____

SECTION – I

- 1) The child develops The pincer grasp at the age of _____.
 - a) 6 months
 - b) 8 months
 - c) 9 months
 - d) 10 months
- 2) After 10 days of life, baby gains about _____ grams weight per day for 5 to 6 months.
 - a) 10
 - b) 30
 - c) 50
 - d) 60
- 3) School age children view hospitalization as _____.
 - a) Punishment
 - b) A way to relax
 - c) Parental anger
 - d) Depression
- 4) A total number of new cases of disease present in population at a specified time is known as _____.
 - a) Incident rate
 - b) Prevalent rate
 - c) Mortality rate
 - d) Morbidity rate

P.T.O.

- 5) Mid-day meal programme was launched in the year _____ in India.
- a) 1961
 - b) 1962
 - c) 1964
 - d) 1965
- 6) The hind milk is rich in _____.
- a) Protein
 - b) Vitamins
 - c) Fat
 - d) Carbohydrates
- 7) The vaccine to be stored in freezer are _____.
- a) OPV and Measels
 - b) OPV and BCG
 - c) OPV and DPT
 - d) OPV and TT
- 8) Bath to a newborn should be given _____.
- a) After 24 – 48 hours of birth.
 - b) 1 week after birth
 - c) Immediately after birth
 - d) 48-72 hours after birth
- 9) Body temperature below _____ is termed as severe hypothermia.
- a) 30°C
 - b) 32°C
 - c) 34°C
 - d) 36°C
- 10) The most common cause of Ophthalmia Neonatrum is _____.
- a) Neisseria Gonorrhoea
 - b) Candida albicans
 - c) Streptococcus
 - d) Staphylococcus aureus

- 11) Infant in the age of 6-12 months should be given Vitamin A in a dose is of _____.
- a) 1 lakh I.U
 - b) 2 lakh I.U.
 - c) 50,000 I.U
 - d) 25,000I.U
- 12) _____ is a Autoimmune disorder caused by β hemolytic streptococcus.
- a) VSD
 - b) TEF
 - c) ASD
 - d) Rheumatic heart disease
- 13) Increase number of alphafetoprotein indicates presence of _____.
- a) Meningitis
 - b) Meaningomyelocele
 - c) Hydrocephalus
 - d) Encephalitis
- 14) Most common type of leukemia seen in children is _____.
- a) Acute myeloid leukemia
 - b) Acute lymphoid leukemia
 - c) Chronic lymphoid leukemia
 - d) Chronic myeloid leukemia
- 15) Excess of Vitamin K in a new born causes _____.
- a) Bleeding tendencies
 - b) Hyperbilirubinemia
 - c) Hemolysis
 - d) Vomiting

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SUBJECT : CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Day : Friday
Date : 20-04-2018

Time : 10:00 AM TO 1:00 P.M.
Max. Marks : 60

S-2018-3892

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labeled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.
- 4) Answers to both the sections should be written in **SEPARATE** answer books.

SECTION – II

- Q.1** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following: [16]
- a) ICDS programme
 - b) Baby friendly hospital concept
 - c) Cold chain
 - d) Nutritional needs of a 8 months child
 - e) Temper tantrum
 - f) Management of child on ventilator
- Q.2** Answer **ANY ONE** of the following:
- a) Miss Anuja is admitted in Pediatric ward for factor VIII infusion, having complaints of bleeding:
 - i) Define Hemophilia. [02]
 - ii) Describe the signs and symptoms of child with Hemophilia. [05]
 - iii) Discuss the management of child with Hemophilia. [07]
 - b) Mast. Rohit is admitted in Pediatric ward with respiratory infection and diagnosed as bronchitis.
 - i) Define Bronchitis. [02]
 - ii) Describe the signs and symptoms of child with Bronchitis. [05]
 - iii) Discuss the management of child with Bronchitis. [07]

SECTION – III

- Q.3** Write short notes on **ANY FOUR** of the following: [16]
- a) Nutritional assessment of under five children
 - b) Nursing care of child with Hydrocephalus
 - c) Psychosocial development of school child according to Erikson theory
 - d) Prevention of accidents in preschool children
 - e) Care of new born with phototherapy
 - f) Nursing care of child with rheumatic fever
- Q.4** Answer **ANY ONE** of the following:
- a)
 - i) Define Nephrotic syndrome. [02]
 - ii) List out the clinical manifestations of nephrotic syndrome. [04]
 - iii) Discuss the nursing management of child with nephrotic syndrome with health education. [08]
 - b)
 - i) List out the causes of marasmus. [03]
 - ii) Clinical manifestations of marasmus. [04]
 - iii) Nursing management and prevention of marasmus. [07]

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