

LL.B. (3 YEAR DEGREE COURSE) SEM-III (2009 COURSE) :

SUMMER - 2018

SUBJECT : FAMILY LAW-I

Day : **Wednesday**
Date : **25/04/2018**

S-2018-1413

Time : **10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 80.

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt any **SIX** questions including Q. No. 1 which is **COMPULSORY**.
 - 2) Q. No. 1 carry 20 marks and all other questions carry 12 marks each.
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Q.1 Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:

- a) Nullity of Marriage under Hindu Law
- b) Seema v/s Ashwini Kumar (2006) 2 SCC 578
- c) Judicial separation
- d) Muta Marriage, Fasid Marriage and Batil marriage
- e) Primary sources of Muslim Law
- f) Divorce by Mutual Consent

Q.2 “The courts in India have interpreted cruelty in a broader prospective and said that it includes both physical and mental.” Elaborate the term cruelty in detail with the leading case of Dastane v/s Dastane AIR 1975 SC 1534.

Q.3 Write note on:

- a) Consanguinity, affinity and fosterage
- b) Prohibited relationship

Q.4 Explain unilateral Talaq, Talaq-e-Tafweez, Khula and Mubarat in detail.

Q.5 What are the different modes of Mahr? Discuss various rights available to Muslim wife to enforce Mahr.

Q.6 Elaborate grounds of divorce under the dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.

Q.7 Conjugal Rights under section 9 of Hindu Marriage Act is not merely creature of the statute, such a right is inherent in the very institution of marriage itself. Explain section 9 in detail with leading case laws.

Q.8 What are the various requisites of a valid Christian Marriage under Christian Marriage Act, 1872?

Q.9 Discuss grounds of divorce under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936.

Q.10 The Special Marriage Act, 1954 is an Act of the parliament of India enacted to provide a special form of marriage for the people of India and all Indian nationals in foreign countries, irrespective of the religion or faith followed by either party. Explain in detail important feature of Special Marriage Act, 1954.

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