

F.Y.B.SC. SEM – II (CBCS - 2016 COURSE) : SUMMER - 2018
SUBJECT : PHYSICS: KINETIC THEORY AND THERMODYNAMICS

Day : **Monday**
Date : **16/04/2018**

S-2018-0634

Time : **03.00 PM TO 06.00 PM**
Max. Marks : 60.

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labeled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.
- 4) Use of electronic calculator/ log table is **ALLOWED**

Q.1 A) Attempt all the followings: **(06)**

- a) The Boyle's temperature for reduced equation of state is inversely proportional to
1. a 2. b/a 3. R 4. a/b
- b) The average kinetic energy per mole is directly proportional to
1. Pressure P 2. R 3. Temperature T 4. Volume V
- c) A pendulum oscillating in air is an example of _____ process
1. Reversible 2. Adiabatic 3. Irreversible 4. Isochoric
- d) Two valves or inlets are present in the
1. Carnot engine 2. Diesel engine 3. Petrol engine 4. All of them
- e) The internal energy decrease in an _____ process
1. Isochoric 2. Isobaric 3. Isothermal 4. Adiabatic
- f) The change of pressure with temperature for a liquid getting converted to gas is
1. Negative 2. Positive 3. Cyclic 4. Constant

B) Attempt all of the followings: **(06)**

- a) What is meant by irreversible process? Give examples.
- b) Give the efficiency of Carnot's engine.
- c) State the two types of heat engines on the basis of combustion.
- d) Give the expression for efficiency of diesel engine.
- e) Define the terms: (i) Closed system (ii) Isolated system.
- f) State the law of corresponding states.

Q.2 Attempt any **THREE** the followings: **(12)**

- a) Write short note on Refrigerator.
- b) A metal of mass 1 kg at constant atmospheric pressure and at initial temperature 20°C is given a heat of 20000 J so as to its temperature rises to 70°C. Find the work done and change in internal energy.
(Given: Change in volume = $5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}^3$ and atmospheric pressure = 10^5 Nm^{-2}).
- c) Calculate the pressure exerted by one mole of water vapour in a 0.001 m^3 container at 423 °K assuming it obeys Van der Waal's equation.
(Given: $a = 0364 \text{ Nm}^4 \text{ mole}^{-2}$; $b = 3.05 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3 \text{ mole}^{-1}$).
- d) State and prove Carnot's theorem.

P.T.O.

Q.3 Attempt any **FOUR** the followings: (12)

- a) Derive the relation between Boyle's temperature and critical temperature of gas.
- b) Prove that the slope of an adiabatic curve is γ - times the slope of an isothermal curve in PV diagram.
- c) Explain Otto cycle with indicator diagram.
- d) What is thermodynamic equilibrium? What are its basic requirements?
- e) A Carnot's engine whose low temperature is at 10°C and has an efficiency of 50%. It is desired to increase the efficiency to 70%. By how many degrees should the temperature of the higher reservoir be raised?

Q.4 Attempt any **TWO** the followings: (12)

- a) Describe the four states of one complete cycle of diesel engine.
- b) Derive Van der Waal's equation of state for real gases.
- c) Derive an expression for work done during adiabatic process.

Q.5 Attempt any **TWO** the followings: (12)

- a) Explain construction and working of Diesel engine.
- b) Show that entropy remains constant during reversible cyclic change.
- c) State drawbacks of Van der Waal's equation and deduce reduced equation of state from Van der Waal's equation.

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