B.Tech. SEM -VI (Civil) 2014 Course (CBCS) : SUMMER - 2019 SUBJECT: STRUCTURAL DESIGN-II*

Day: Date:

Wednesday 22/05/2019 Time: 02.30 PM TO 06.30 PM Max. Marks: 60

S-2019-2714

N.B:

- 1) All questions are COMPULSORY.
- 2) Use of I.S. 456-2000 and interaction charts and electronic non programmable **CALCULATOR** is allowed.
- 3) Draw neat labeled diagrams WHEREVER necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks.
- Assume suitable data, if necessary. 5)
- 0.1Compare working stress method and limit stale method. (05)a)
 - 'Even though concrete of grade M25 is used, the design stress in flexure is b) (05)taken as 11.15 N/mm²'. Explain with a diagram.

OR

- Draw a typical stress strain curve for mild steel and explain the salient Q.1(05)a) points.
 - Define 'characteristic strength and characteristic load'. How it is useful in (05)determining partial safety factor?
- What is a DRB? Under which situations it is used? (04)**Q.2**
 - A R.C. beam 230mm × 575 m is subjects to a uniformly distributed load of (06)70 kN/m inclusive of self weight over a simply supported span of 5m. Design the beam for flexure. Grade M20, Fe 415 is used. Given: for Fe 415.

d/d	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	
fsc in N/mm ²	355	352	342	329	

OR

- Derive the equation of moment of Resistance of a singly reinforced (04)Q.2 rectangular beam with the help of a stress block.
 - (06)Slab 'S' is 115 mm thick and carries a u.d.l. of 7.5 kN/m. Beam AB carries a parapet wall of 1m height ad 100mm thickness. Design beam AB using M25, F_e500 for flexure only.

Slab

P.T.O.

Q.3 Define bond. What are the various types of bond? Mention the location at (04)which the check for development length is given. A rectangular beam simply supported over a span of 4m is 230mm × 375 **b**) (06)mm in cross section. It is reinforced with 3 bars of 20mm diameter. The beam is loaded with total u.d.l. of 10kN/m. Design vertical stirrups for the beam. Use M20, F_e 415. OR A simply supported beam of span 5m is subjected to a total factored u.d.l. of Q.3(06)50 kN/m. Cross section of the beam is 230mm × 575 mm. Determine the area of tension reinforcement and design the shear reinforcement for the beam. Use M20, F_e 415. b) (04)3m B 3m C 3m D Wu= 10 KAlm For the continuous beam shown, determine the design moments at midspans (04)and at supports. Q.4 What is L/d ratio in design of slab? What are the modification factors? a) (04)Design a one way simply supported floor slab of on office building of b) (06)effective span 3m. Use M25, F_e500. **OR Q.4** 'The check for shear in case of slabs is always satisfied' (04)a) Design a one-way cantilever slab of a balcony at floor level of a residential b) (06)building of effective span 2.2m. Use M25, F_e500. OR Q.5 What are the functions of longitudinal reinforcement in a column? What is (04)its minimum diameter? Design a short R.C. column of size 230mm ×575mm for an effective height (06)b) of 3.6m carrying a working load of 750kN and working moment about major axis of 30kN/m. Use M20, F_e415. OR What are the functions of a transverse reinforcement? A 400mm square (04)Q.5 column is reinforced with 8 bars of 20mm diameter. Design the transverse Design a R.C. column of size 230mm × 600mm carrying an axial load of (06)1000 kN and moment about minor axis 40 kNm. Effective length is 3.6m. Use M20, F_e 415. Design the tooting for a column of size 230mm × 600 mm carrying an axial (10)**Q.6** load of 1150 kN. Use M20, Fe 415 OR Draw and explain the stress distribution diagrams below the footing for (04)**Q.6** a) different types of soils. Decide the dimensions of a footing for a column of size 230 mm \times 575 mm (06)carrying an axial load of 1200 kN. Safe bearing capacity of soil is 200 kN/m^2 . Use M25, F_e500.

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