

**B.Tech. SEM -IV Production 2014 Course (CBCS) : SUMMER - 2019**  
**SUBJECT : MATERIAL SCIENCE**

Day : Tuesday  
Date : 28/05/2019

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 60

**S-2019-2629**

**N. B. :**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labeled diagram **WHEREVER** necessary
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

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- Q. 1**
- a) Describe the atomic packing factors and calculate for Cu and Fe. (05)
  - b) Draw the planes and directions if miller indices are (101), (112), (001), [110], [100]. (05)

**OR**

- a) What is recrystallization? Explain the factors that affect this process. Describe the property changes during cold working and annealing. (05)
- b) Show the atomic arrangement and find the number of atoms/mm<sup>2</sup> on (100), (101) planes of lead (FCC) if lattice parameter is = 3.89 Å. (05)

- Q. 2**
- a) The tensile test of specimen initial diameter 8 mm and gauge length 60 mm tested with following data:  
Maximum load = 3220 kg  
Yield load = 2170 kg  
Final length of after fracture = 63.5 mm  
Diameter at fracture = 6.8 mm.  
Calculate UTS, US, % Elongation and % reduction in area also draw the stress strain curve (Not on the graph paper) (05)
  - b) What is Eddy current test? What are its advantages and give its applications. (05)

**OR**

- a) Describe in detail about Ultra sonic test. (05)
- b) What are transition temperature curves? Discuss the various methods of increasing creep life of a component. (05)

- Q. 3**
- a) What is Gibb's phase rule? Is it different than lever rule? Give the applications of both rules with suitable example. (05)
  - b) Explain with neat sketches the cooling of any one hypoeutectic from liquid state to the room temperature in partial Eutectic system. (05)

**OR**

**P. T. O.**

- a) What is micro segregation? Is it desirable? If no explain the methods of eliminating. (05)
- b) Construct a phase diagram for the system A and B from the following data: (05)  
M. P. of A =  $880^{\circ}\text{C}$ , M.P. of B =  $600^{\circ}\text{C}$   
Eutectic point =  $540^{\circ}\text{C}$  at 25 % B  
Maximum solubility of A in B at  $540^{\circ}\text{C}$  = 12 %  
Maximum solubility of B in A at  $540^{\circ}\text{C}$  = 15 %  
And solubility decreases with temperature to 2 % in each other.  
Label the phase diagram.  
Calculate the phases at 20 % B and show the cooling of this alloy diagrammatically from high temperature to room temperature.

- Q. 4 a) List out the characteristics of metal powders. Explain any one method to measure it. (05)
- b) Describe the manufacturing of self lubricating bearing in details. (05)

OR

- a) What are carbonyl processes of metal powder manufacturing? Explain their characteristics. (05)
- b) List the advantages and application of powder metallurgy technique. (05)

- Q. 5 a) How the composite materials are classified? List the characteristics of reinforced material required. (05)
- b) Write a short note on Advanced ceramic materials. (05)

OR

- a) Explain the processing of ceramic in details. (05)
- b) List out few reinforced materials used in metal matrix composite. Give its characteristics. (05)

- Q. 6 a) Explain the methods of corrosion preventions by various coating processes. (05)
- b) Describe the dry corrosion. Give its types and explain any one detail. (05)

OR

- a) What do you know about hydrogen embrittlement of steels? (05)
- b) Explain the PVD and CVD techniques as corrosion prevention methods. (05)

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