B. Tech. Sem - VIII (Mechanical Engg.) (2014 COURSE) (CBCS) : SUMMER - 2019

SUBJECT: ELECTIVE -III FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

Day: Thursday
Date: 30/05/2019

S-2019-2923

Time:

02.30 PM TO 05.30 PM

Max Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labeled diagram WHEREVER necessary.
- 4) Assume suitable **DATA** wherever necessary.
- Q.1 List and briefly describe the general steps of the finite element method. (10)

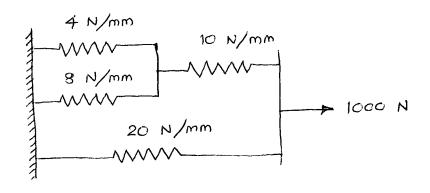
OR

Explain in detail the method of matrix partitioning and how it is used to (10) impose boundary condition in FEM

Q.2 Derive shape function in natural coordinate system for two noded bar (10) element.

OR

Analyze the following deflection of each spring and reaction forces at (10) support.



Q.3 Explain formulation of elemental stiffness matrix and load vector for constant (10) strain triangles (CST).

OR

A triangular element has nodal coordinates (10, 10) (40, 20) and (30, 50) for nodes 1, 2, and 3 respectively. For a point 'P' inside triangle, determine the X and Y coordinates if shape function N_1 and N_2 are 0.15 and 0.25 respectively.

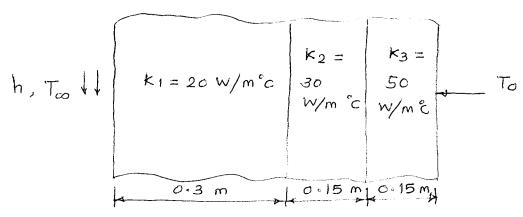
Q.4 Explain iso-parametric, sub parametric and super parametric elements. (10)

OR

A quadrilateral element is defined by (1, 4) (4, 2) (5, 6) and (2, 7). The **(10)** temperatures at nodes are 20° C, 30° C, and 25° C.

- i) find Temperature at P (3, 4)
- ii) find iso-parametric formulation.
- Q.5 Derive the stiffness matrix of a 1D steady state conduction thermal element. (10) Assume iso-parametric variation of properties.

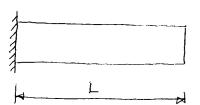
A composite wall consisting of three materials shown in fig. The outer temperature is $T_0 = 20^{\circ}$ C, convection heat transfer takes place on the inner surface of the wall $T_{\infty} = 800^{\circ}$ C and h = 25 W/m² °C. Determine the temperature distribution in wall.



Q.6 Explain stepwise power method used to find out largest eigenvalue and its (10) corresponding eigenvector.

OR

Find the natural frequency of vibration using consistent mass matrix method (10) with one element for bar. $E = 2 \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$, $\rho = 7800 \text{ kg/m}^2$, L = 1 m.



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