LL. M. SEM-I (2015 Course) CBCS: SUMMER - 2019 SUBJECT: INDIAN CONSTITUTIONAL LAW: THE NEW CHALLENGES

LÁW

Day : Friday

Time: 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM

Date:

: 17/05/2019

S-2019-1802

Max. Marks: 60

N.B.:

- 1) Attempt ANY FOUR questions.
- 2) All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- Q.1 The expression 'Other Authorities' has neither been defined in the Constitution nor in any statutes. It is therefore left for the courts to interpret this expression as to determine the scope and width of the fundamental rights.
- Q.2 'Article 14 has acquired a new and dynamic meaning. It requires not only reasonable classification but also that classification must be just fair and reasonable'. Discuss with the help of case laws
- Q.3 Critically evaluate whether legislative measures and judicial interpretation for protective discrimination of women are satisfactory.
- Q.4 Discuss the right of freedom of speech and expression with reasonable restriction.
- Q.5 The rights under Article 25 and 26 were not absolute but subject to reasonable restriction. Comment with the help of important case laws.
- Q.6 "It is well settled that both the Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles aim at the same goal of bringing about a social revolution and the establishment of a welfare state." Critically evaluate the relations between the Fundamental rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
- Q.7 Protection under Article 30 is not a privilege but is a protection to the religious or linguistic minority communities to attain equality with other religious or linguistic groups of India. Discuss with the help of case laws.
- Q.8 Write notes on:
 - a) Judicial activism and judicial restraint.
 - **b)** Right to education.

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