

SUBJECT : FAMILY LAW – II

Day : Thursday
Date : 25/04/2019

S-2019-1685

Time : 10.00 AM TO 01.00 PM
Max. Marks : 80

N.B.:

- 1) Q. No.1 is **COMPULSORY** and carries **20** marks
 - 2) Solve any **FIVE** questions out of the remaining questions which carry **12** marks each.
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- Q.1** Write short notes on any **FOUR** of the following:
- a) Doctrine of 'Aul' and Doctrine of 'Radd'
 - b) Privileged wills
 - c) Daughter-in-law's right to claim maintenance under Hindu Law
 - d) Kinds of Guardians under Muslim Law
 - e) Codicil
 - f) Son's pious obligation
- Q.2** 'Partition puts an end to the joint family status'. Discuss in detail the meaning, types and modes of partition.
- Q.3** 'A Muslim person is allowed to bequeath only one third of his property by way of will.' Explain the provisions of Muslim Wills.
- Q.4** Enumerate the rules for creation and revocation of Hiba. State the different kinds of Hiba under Muslim law.
- Q.5** Briefly mention the rules for succession in case a Christian male dies intestate.
- Q.6** 'Hindu Succession Amendment Act, 2005 has drastically changed the Hindu women's right to property'. Comment.
- Q.7** Define 'Wakf'. Explain essentials of wakf and role of Mutawalli as a manager of wakf.
- Q.8** 'Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act gives a right to every Hindu person to adopt a child'. Comment throwing light on essentials of valid adoption.
- Q.9** 'Supreme Court and Legislature has tried to reform the right of Muslim women to claim maintenance.' – Discuss Muslim Women's right to maintenance with relevant case laws.
- Q.10** Write note on:
- a) Rules for distribution of property amongst Agnates and Cognates
 - b) Intestate succession of Parsi person
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