

**T.Y.B.SC. SEM – V (2014 Course) : SUMMER - 2019**  
**SUBJECT : CLASSICAL MECHANICS**

Date : Wednesday  
Date : 24/04/2019

Time : 12.00 NOON TO 02.00 PM  
Max. Marks : 40.

**S-2019-1011**

**N.B.:**

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labeled diagrams **WHEREVER** necessary.

**Q.1** Attempt any **TWO** of the following: **(10)**

- a) Set up the Hamiltonian function for simple pendulum and solve it.
- b) State and prove Kepler's third law of planetary motion.
- c) Show that the path of charged particle moving with a uniform velocity in a transverse electric field is a parabola.

**Q.2** Attempt any **TWO** of the following: **(10)**

- a) Discuss the motion of a charged particle in a constant magnetic field. Hence show that path of a charged particle moving with uniform velocity in a constant magnetic field is a circle.
- b) What do mean by Corioli's force in moving coordinate system, give one phenomena in nature arising due to the Corioli's force.
- c) State and explain D'Alembert's principle.

**Q.3** Attempt any **TWO** of the following: **(10)**

- a) Write the Lagrangian for Atwood's machine and deduce its equation of motion.
- b) Show that  $\left(\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}\right)_f = \left(\frac{d\vec{r}}{dt}\right)_r + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}$  where symbols have their usual meanings.
- c) Draw a rough graph of effective potential energy against position vector and explain quantitatively different shapes of orbits.

**Q.4** Attempt any **FIVE** of the following: **(10)**

- a) Explain the concept of weightlessness in a satellite.
- b) Show that linear momentum and angular momentum of a free particle are constant of motion.
- c) Is the Lagrangian formulation more advantageous than the Newtonian formulation? Why?
- d) Estimate the centrifugal acceleration at the equator of the earth.  
(Given Average radius of the earth =  $6.46 \times 10^6$  m)
- e) When does the Hamiltonian equal the total energy of the system?
- f) State the principle of Galilean invariance.

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