

T.Y.B.SC. SEM – V (CBCS - 2016 Course) ; SUMMER - 2019
SUBJECT : PHYSICS CLASSICAL MECHANICS

Day : Saturday
 Date : 27/04/2019

Time : 11.00 A.M. To 02.00 P.M.
 Max. Marks : 60

S-2019-0875

N. B. :

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate **FULL** marks.

Q. 1 Attempt **ANY TWO** of the following: **(12)**

- a) Explain the effect of Coriolis force in nature.
- b) Prove that $\vec{L} = \vec{R} \times \vec{P} + \vec{L}'$.
- c) Derive an expression for acceleration of an Atwood machine by D'Alembert's principle.

Q. 2 Attempt **ANY TWO** of the following: **(12)**

- a) Obtain the polar equation of the orbit in the form $\frac{l}{r} = 1 + e \cos \theta$.
- b) Derive the equation for the motion of charged particle moving in constant magnetic field.
- c) With the usual symbols obtain the equation:

$$\theta = \int \frac{L/r^2}{\left[2\mu \left(E - V - L^2/2\mu r^2\right)\right]^{1/2}} dr + \theta_0.$$

Q. 3 Attempt **ANY TWO** of the following: **(12)**

- a) By using D'Alembert's principle. Derive Lagranges equations of motion.
- b) If \vec{i} , \vec{j} and \vec{k} are the unit vector's along x, y and z axis, then show that in a fixed frame if \vec{i} , \vec{j} and \vec{k} rotate with angular velocity $\vec{\omega}$

$$\frac{d\vec{i}}{dt} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{i} ; \frac{d\vec{j}}{dt} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{j} ; \frac{d\vec{k}}{dt} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{k}$$

- c) If the disc is rolling down inclined plane without slipping then obtain an equation of motion by Lagrangian dynamics.

Q. 4 Attempt **ANY THREE** of the following: **(12)**

- a) Explain the principle of virtual work.
- b) A charged particle is moving with velocity $\vec{v} = \vec{i} v_x + \vec{j} v_y + \vec{k} v_z$. If \vec{E} is electric field along x-axis and \vec{B} is magnetic field along z-axis then derive the equation of motion of the particle.
- c) A particle moves under action of a central force and the equation of its orbit is given by $r = C \cos \theta$ where, C is constant. Show that $F(r) \propto \frac{1}{r^5}$.
- d) A bead sliding on a uniformly rotating wire in a force free space. Show that $\ddot{r} = mw^2$.

P. T. O.

Q. 5 Attempt **ANY FOUR** of the following:

(12)

a) Show that:

$$\frac{d\vec{r}'}{dt} = \frac{d\vec{r}}{dt} + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}.$$

b) Express the potential energy function V in the form $\vec{F} = -\vec{\nabla} V$, where F is conservative force.

c) Write a short note on Generalized co-ordinates.

d) The masses of Carbon and Oxygen atoms forming a diatomic molecule CO are

$1.99 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ and $2.66 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$ respectively. Determine the reduced mass of the hetero nuclear system.

e) Write a short note on constraints.

f) Calculate centripetal acceleration at co-latitudes 30° and 60° for earth's motion.

* * * * *