T.Y.B.SC. SEM – V (2014 Course) : SUMMER - 2019

SUBJECT: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - V

Time : 12.00 NOON TO 02.00 PM Day : Monday Max. Marks: 40 Date : 08/04/2019 S-2019-0994 N.B. 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**. 2) Figures to the right indicate FULL marks. Answers to both the sections should be written in **SAME** answer book. 3) Use of non-programmable calculator/log table is allowed. 4) SECTION - I Attempt any TWO of the following: (10)**Q.1** Explain reversible and irreversible cells. a) State and explain Beer's law. b) How equilibrium constant is determined from emf measurement? c) (10)Attempt any **TWO** of the following: **Q.2** What is adsorption? Derive Langmuir adsorption isotherm. a) What is Heisenberg's uncertainty principle? How it explains the concept of b) probability? Explain amalgam electrode with reference to its representation, electrode **c**) reaction and emf equation. SECTION - II (10)0.3 Attempt any **TWO** of the following: Derive an expression for emf of an electrode concentration cell without a) transference. Explain how emf measurements may be employed to determine thermodynamic parameters ΔG , ΔH and ΔS . Write a precise note on "Determination of surface area of adsorbents. c) (10)Solve any **TWO** of the following: **Q.4** Calculate the potential of cell at 298 K a) $Zn_{(s)} | ZnCl_2, a = 0.0072 | AgCl_{(s)} | Ag$ Given : E_{Zn}^0 = - 0.761 V and $E_{Ag-AgCl}^0$ = 0.222 V A solution of KMnO₄ shows 0.8 absorbance at wave length 540 nm. Express the measurement in terms of transmittance unit. Calculate the emf of the chemical cell without transference, Pt | $H_2(g, 1 \text{ atm})$ | HCl (a = 0.1) | $Hg_2Cl_2(s)$ | $Hg_{(l)}$ | Pt, Standard potential of calomel electrode is 0.268 V at 298 K.